TOWN OF LONDONDERRY, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Annual Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013



Prepared by: The Finance and Administration Department

Susan A. Hickey Director of Finance and Administration

> Doug Smith Controller

Town of Londonderry, New Hampshire Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

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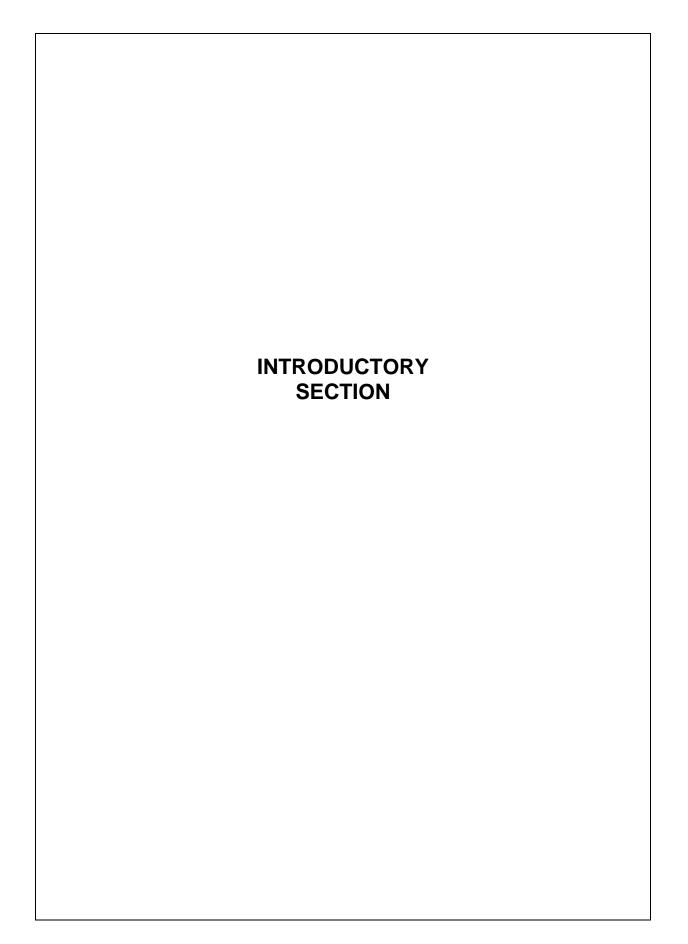
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Town of Londonderry 268 B Mammoth Road Londonderry, NH 03053 (603) 432-1100

December 11, 2013

To the Citizens and Members of the Town Council:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Town of Londonderry for the year ended June 30, 2013, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the following data, including the financial statements, supporting schedules, and statistical tables, is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the Town. We also believe that the Town's existing internal control systems are adequate. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

Town management's narrative on the financial activities of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2013, is in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of this report, immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report. The letter of transmittal is written to complement the MD&A and the financial statements, and should be read from that perspective and in conjunction with all other sections of the CAFR.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the Town's organizational chart, and a list of principal officials. The financial section includes the basic financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditors' report on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. This report includes all funds and account groups of the Town. The Town provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, public works operations, planning, zoning and code enforcement, health and welfare, library and recreation. The Town has a sewer utility and accounts for it as a special revenue fund. This report does not include the funds of the Londonderry School District or Rockingham County. These governmental units are independent of the Town and do not meet the criteria for inclusion in this CAFR.

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent public accountants. The Town's accounting firm is Melanson, Heath and Company, PC. The independent auditors' report appears on page 15 of this report..

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Geography. The Town of Londonderry is located in Rockingham County in southern New Hampshire, approximately 40 minutes northwest of Boston via Route 93, and is situated between Salem and Derry. The Town has a population of 24, 211 (according to the 2011 Census estimate) and occupies 42.12 square miles of land.

Londonderry was incorporated in 1722 and since 1996 has operated under a charter with a Council-Manager-Budgetary Town Meeting form of local government.

Londonderry has a diverse character, combining residential, commercial, industrial and recreational activities. Over the past decade, the Town has experienced significant tax base growth, with an increasing amount of the growth occurring in commercial and industrial property. This is due to Londonderry's proximity to two of New Hampshire's major north/south highways, as well as the presence of Manchester-Boston Regional Airport (MHT) within the community. MHT offers direct flights to many major cities around the nation.

Governing Boards. The Town Council consists of five members elected to staggered three-year terms. The Council acts as the legislative body of the Town (except for the adoption of the annual budget) and appoints a Town Manager to serve an indefinite term as the Town's chief executive. A Budgetary Town Meeting approves long-term debt, in addition to the annual budget. The funds approved at the Budgetary Town Meeting include General Fund Operations, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

Services. The Town provides a full-range of services to residents including waste water treatment; refuse collection and disposal; highway construction and maintenance, including snow plowing; storm sewer system and related infrastructure maintenance and construction; police and fire protective services; library and recreational facilities and services; human services; and planning, economic and community development, and code enforcement services.

Administration. Administrative functions of the Town are carried out by the Town Manager. The Town Manager is responsible for the administrative and financial affairs of the Town, overseeing the day-to-day operations, and implements policies established by the Town Council. The Town Manager is responsible for appointing the heads of the various departments, for negotiating with the various bargaining units of the Town, and making recommendations to the Town Council on various issues.

Fiscal Year and Budget. The Town's fiscal year begins on July 1st of each year and ends the following June 30th. The Town's budget process commences in the fall of each year with the Capital Improvements Program budget. All capital spending of \$300,000 or more with useful lives of 3 years or longer is included in this budget. The Capital Improvement Committee reviews all projects and determines the priority based on defined parameters. The plan is submitted to the Planning Board for approval. The approved plan is then presented to the Town Council. Based on the Town's administrative financing policy, items are identified for length of bonding or other type of financing by the Town Council.

Items identified for the annual operating budget are included in the Town Manager's recommended annual budget. Departments are responsible for submitting their annual budget requests to the Town Manager. After reviews with the departments, the Town Manager makes any final adjustments to his recommended budget. The Department Heads' and Town Manager's recommended budget is presented to the Town Council beginning in November of each year.

The Town Council may adjust the Town Manager's recommended annual budget by majority vote. The Council is required to hold two public hearings on the budget, and all budget adjustments and petition warrant articles are presented to the public at the Deliberative Session in February. The budget is then presented for voting by the taxpayers at the annual town meeting in March. The legal spending limit is at the department level, as voted by town meeting.

INFORMATION USEFUL IN ASSESSING THE GOVERNMENT'S ECONOMIC CONDITION

Local Economy

Local economic conditions are favorable when compared to other regions. The 2013 unemployment rate for Londonderry is 4.9%, which is well below the overall 2013 U.S. unemployment rate of 7.5%. Three major areas of complimentary development are taking shape to provide unprecedented economic expansion within Londonderry that will benefit the entire State of New Hampshire.

The Town of Londonderry has proven to be a strong economic engine for the State of New Hampshire, absorbing over 1,000,000 square feet of new industrial development over the last 9 years. Londonderry is accessible by US Route 3 and FE Everett Turnpike, Interstate 93, and NH Route 101, providing access to points north and south including the greater Boston market. The NH Department of Transportation's Manchester Airport Access Road has been operating since November 13, 2011. Londonderry now enjoys direct access to the Everett Turnpike/Route 3. As part of the Access Road project, the state constructed a signalized intersection for the future Pettengill Road, opening approximately 1,000 acres of undeveloped or under-developed land zoned for business.

Due to sound fiscal policies and land use/economic development planning efforts, the Town remains well positioned to maintain its strong financial position and capitalize on future economic growth. A number of economic development projects began to take shape over the past year. Wire Belt expanded their facility by 12,212 square feet. The Executive Health and Sports Center added 7,000 square feet of new floor space for healthcare facilities, along with new recreation features, including a new outdoor pool and spa area, clay tennis courts, and a restaurant to service members and guests.

Londonderry also welcomed 4 new businesses to Town in 2012, including American Tire Distributors, The Shops at Londonderry, Precision Letter Corp., and Bauchman's Towing. American Tire Distributors is a national firm who will supply tires, tools, and related items to local tire dealers and service repair/automotive shops throughout the region. Their 125,000 square foot facility, opening in December 2012, is located near Harvey Industries at the end of Jack's Bridge Road. The Shops at Londonderry hopes to begin construction in the spring of 2013 of almost 110,000 square feet of retail space on Vista Ridge Drive. Precision Letter Corp. is currently located in Manchester and plans to begin construction of their 36,000 square foot specialty interior sign manufacturing facility at 49 Wentworth Drive in early 2013. Bauchman's Towing also plans to begin construction this year, and move their current Windham operation to the 5 Enterprise Drive location. The Town of Londonderry wishes them all continued success.

This activity joins a number of major business expansions/new construction in Londonderry which occurred over the past few years, including:

Stonyfield Yogurt (Expanded) Insight Technology (Expanded) Freezer Warehouse (Expanded) Bosch (Formerly Buderus) (Expanded) Falling Water Office Park (New)

The significance of having existing businesses within Londonderry expand in town is a strong indication that these businesses are pleased with the service, location, and workforce that Londonderry and the region provide. The Town's Planning and Economic Development Department, along with the dedicated service of the individuals from the various land use and development boards, continues to make economic development its top priority. The intent behind this community effort is to create more job opportunities, expand the tax base, and help make Londonderry an even better place to live and do business.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Town continues to revise its budget review process to ensure the efficient use of government resources, the application of non-recurring revenues for one-time capital items, and the development of revenue estimates consistent with anticipated performance levels in light of current economic conditions and operational policies. These and other financial policies are summarized in a comprehensive Financial Management Policy adopted by the Town Council.

The Town has completed a Revenue Study to determine appropriate levels for its fee-for-service programs, including emergency medical services; building inspection programs; wastewater facilities; and other revenue programs. The revised program reflects actual costs and market rates for its services, thereby further solidifying the Town's financial position.

In FY03, the adequacy of its Fire, Ambulance and Highway Equipment Capital Reserve Programs was reviewed and adjusted to ensure that sufficient funds will be available in the future to purchase equipment at appropriate intervals, without reliance upon long-term bonding mechanisms. In FY10, Town voters appropriated \$225,000 for the purchase of public safety/highway equipment or contributions to Capital Reserve Funds, and increased that investment to \$325,000 in FY11 and FY12. For FY13, voters approved \$510,000 for Fire, Ambulance, and Highway Equipment programs, as well as \$150,000 designated for replacing various fire and emergency equipment such as medical needs and protective clothing.

In FY04, the Town Council and Town Meeting established an Expendable Maintenance Trust Fund for Buildings and Grounds. This program is designed to systematically plan for the repair and improvements of Town facilities over a multi-year period, resulting in safe, efficient Town facilities funded by a constant level of taxpayer investment. For FY13, Town meeting discontinued support of this annual \$200,000 program. Instead voters approved a Roadway Maintenance Trust Fund to assist in lowering the amount of bonded debt issued each year for this purpose in the amount of \$250,000.

The Town's Planning and Economic Development Department is leading efforts to plan for new business development in three key areas of Town. Two of these areas were included as part of a 2003 Design Charette (the largest ever held in the State), to help the Town create a vision of its non-residential development opportunities. Both areas at full build out have the potential of creating approximately six million square feet of new commercial and industrial development. A third area was also included in the study, comprising a grand total of approximately to 2,000 acres. The Town's goal is to position itself to accommodate appropriate development, which will build upon the recently opened Manchester Airport Access Road, and the ongoing widening of I-93.

The Pettengill Road area is in the center of Southern New Hampshire, which is the state's most populous and commercially vibrant region. The Project area borders the state's largest airport (the Manchester-Boston Regional Airport) and the state's

largest city (Manchester). The site lies at the confluence of the Manchester, NH, and Nashua NH-MA Census Urbanized Areas, with a combined 2010 population of 384,777. Situated at the crossroads of the New Hampshire highway system, Pettengill Road will provide a unique opportunity for the area to become an unparalleled economic center in the state over the next several years. Londonderry's recently completed 2012 Comprehensive Master Plan identifies the Pettengill Road area as 'The Industrial Village Special District'. The area is envisioned as a campusstyle business center to promote industrial, office, and retail development in a sustainable, closed-loop eco-village where businesses thrive in a synergistic relationship.

The Londonderry Housing and Redevelopment Authority commissioned an independent study in 2012 confirming the economic development potential for the Pettengill Road area, concluding that it is the "…most attractive business development opportunity in New Hampshire." The Pettengill Road area is an unprecedented economic opportunity to benefit the State, the region, and the Town of Londonderry. Economic competitiveness is enhanced by better access to a key employment and educational center, with the daily services and amenities desired by the work force integrated into the development. Pettengill Road will provide the missing link between major transportation routes expanding business access to local markets and the airport.

This area south of the Airport is poised to evolve as a premier sustainable research and industry center. This development and the associated infrastructure improvements will allow thousands of local residents to live closer to their jobs. Because it's in close proximity to a highly educated work force in the thousands, quality job creation in the Manchester Airport area would have a positive impact on the quality of life for many people who currently commute to the Boston area. It would also expand employment opportunities for New Hampshire graduates.

Updated Town regulations have also paved the way for mixed use development, with a 600-acre New Urbanist proposal planned near I-93 at Exit 4. Town staff continues to lead the local review of an ambitious plan by private property owners who propose to convert over 600 acres of mainly farmland into a mixed-use village concept consisting of office, commercial, retail, and medical facilities, along with approximately 1,300 residential units. The Woodmont Commons project is anticipated to be constructed over a 20-year period during which the owner/developer estimates the total economic impact to be approximately \$1.0 Billion.

Another mixed use commercial district is emerging near I-93 Exit 5 and one of two commuter bus stations in Londonderry, with adjacent, affordable multi-family housing both existing and proposed. Both areas will offer walkable neighborhoods with access for residents to adjacent and integrated retail, service and office facilities, open space and a commuter bus terminal. More compact development will also improve the efficiency of public infrastructure and services.

Relevant Financial Policies

The Town of Londonderry developed and adopted into the Town's Administrative Code a comprehensive Financial Policy in June 2003. During the fiscal year, in accordance with the policy, excess funds over the prescribed level established for budgeting purposes were used as a one-time revenue source towards various capital projects. The total amount allocated was \$692,000 for General Fund projects and \$320,000 for Special Revenue Fund projects.

Major Initiatives

Throughout FY13, many notable projects and initiatives took place in the Town including the following:

Londonderry has taken a strong position managing its growth with the adoption of a growth management ordinance and impact fee system. In 1988, Londonderry was one of the first communities to adopt a growth management ordinance. In 2002, the Town Council revised its growth ordinances in response to continuing growth pressures. In 1994, it was one of the first communities to adopt an impact fee ordinance, which is reviewed annually and updated every two to four years. In 2002, the Town Council was able to appropriate approximately \$1.0 Million received in impact fees for debt service payments associated with a \$12 Million addition to Londonderry High School.

The Manchester/Boston Regional Airport completed a major expansion, which included the lengthening of MHT's main runway to over 9,000 feet, and construction of a new terminal building located in Londonderry. The terminal and expansion costs were between \$65-70 Million. This airport expansion includes a new state-of-the art terminal facility, increased cargo and commercial flights and the designation of the airport and surrounding 939 acres as a U. S. Customs foreign trade zone. Value added within the zone is not taxed upon entry into the U. S. market, and no duty is paid on foreign products entering the zone. The majority of this area is in Londonderry. MHT continues its efforts to improve airline services and modernize airport facilities and infrastructure. Year-end passenger activity totals surpassed the three million mark, with nearly 3.5 million passengers using Manchester-Boston Regional Airport. Air travelers from throughout Northern New England and Massachusetts continue to discover Manchester's easy access, competitive airfares, convenient jet service, and inexpensive parking.

The Town and the City of Manchester renegotiated the Intermunicipal Agreement governing the operation of the airport; changes include a Payment-in-Lieu of Taxes to the Town in the amount of \$500,000 annually, adjusted each year by 2%. The Town received \$609,263 in FY13.

The industrial area south of the airport holds significant opportunities for job creation and commercial and industrial development. The area consists of approximately 800 acres of industrial land. It is one of the largest contiguous pieces of industrial land in the state. The New Hampshire Department of Transportation has completed and opened an airport access road from Everett Turnpike/Route 3 in Bedford across the Merrimack River and into the Manchester Airport, which will also provide access to the industrial land mentioned previously. The Town needs to reconstruct Pettengill Road in order to provide complete access to the industrial land; supported by a \$260,000 appropriation at the 2002 Town Meeting, the Community Development and Public Works and Engineering Departments have completed the design of the main thoroughfare and utilities, and have secured the necessary permits for construction to facilitate the ultimate development of this area. The Town will continue to work with regional, state, and federal officials to secure the necessary funding for the Pettengill Road project.

In addition to the above, the Town of Londonderry was chosen, along with 9 municipalities in the United States, to participate in a new pilot project sponsored by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency for small- and medium-sized government organizations to implement ISO 14001 Environmental Management Systems at a facility/organization of its choice. The Public Works Department, which includes the divisions of Sewer, Solid Waste, Highway and Engineering, was chosen for the project. Londonderry will also be able to encourage businesses located or hoping to locate in Town to become ISO 14000 certified and will be in the position to help them accomplish that goal.

In 2012, the Town engaged the services of Town Planning and Urban Design Collaborative (TPUDC) to assist Londonderry in the update of its Master Plan. The update established new goals and objectives that work towards the new vision Londonderry has set for itself. The Planning Board adopted the new Master Plan in February 2013. This process was managed by the Planning and Economic Development Department with the assistance of a citizen committee. Additional citizen input was encouraged through a comprehensive community engagement process designed to ensure that the Town's development and preservation proceeds in accordance with the direction established by its citizenry. Public engagement was a key component of the 2012 Master Plan process. In addition to regular monthly meetings, several citizen workshops were incorporated into the schedule to ensure the public had the opportunity to participate at key times throughout the process. The major public planning event was a nearly week long interactive workshop in early June called Planapalooza, where Londonderry citizens were invited to work with the Committee, Consultants from Town Planning and Urban Design Collaborative (TPUDC) and Staff to provide input and develop a comprehensive community vision.

Another tool being implemented to assist with the orderly development of the community and preservation of its natural and aesthetic resources is continued community support of Open Space Preservation. The Town has raised over \$12,035,000 for Open Space Preservation and managed growth strategies over the past seven years.

The Town Council recently passed zoning ordinance amendments to encourage workforce housing opportunities, which will further strengthen the Town's economic development effort.

In fiscal year 2004 the Town issued a \$10 Million bond for the construction of a new Police Facility and Town Hall Facility, with \$4 Million being invested in the Town's Open Space Preservation Program. This bond has made great advancements towards updating our infrastructure. In FY06, voters approved \$200,000 to design replacement fire substations in North and South Londonderry and in FY07 approved a \$2,375,000 bond to construct a new substation in South Londonderry. Voters in 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011 voted to bond a total of \$5,700,000 to reconstruct roads within the community. In 2010, the Town received a \$1,650,000 ARRA grant to construct a replacement North/West Fire Station. The Town and State have partnered to rebuild a major intersection on Route 28, which is key to broadening economic development efforts.

The Town continued its efforts to enhance its Geographical Information System (GIS). This system enables all departments and committees to better plan for the future needs of the Town and assists in making more informed land use and infrastructure improvement decisions. The GIS system was used to complete the 2006 update to the open space preservation program.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Londonderry for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This was the tenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Town invites you to visit our web site at <u>www.Londonderrynh.org</u> where summary financial information is prominently displayed.

The publication of the CAFR requires many staff hours to accomplish and would not have been possible without the dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. The strong financial position of the Town would not have been possible without the guidance and direction of the Town Council through its fiscal policies; the professional and diligent efforts of the entire staff of the Town; and the funding support provided by the Londonderry community through actions at the Annual Budgetary Town Meeting, all to whom we owe our sincere appreciation.

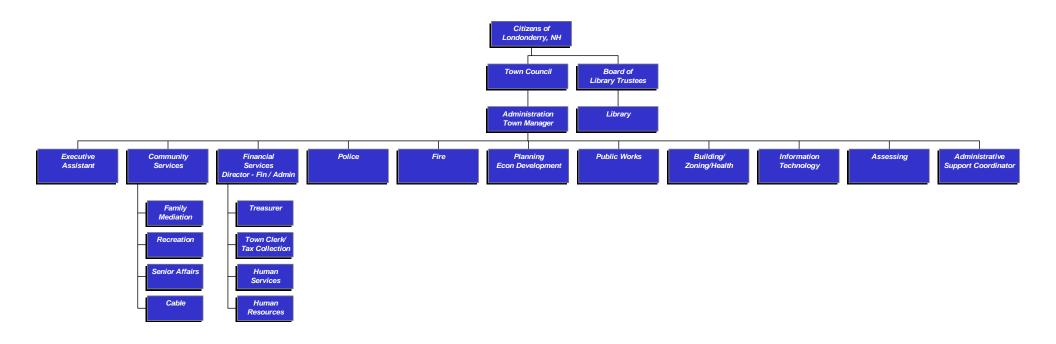
Respectfully submitted,

William Ryan Hart, Jr. Acting Town Manager

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Susan Hickey Director of Finance and Administration

Town of Londonderry Organizational Chart



TOWN OF LONDONDERRY

DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS June 30, 2013

TOWN COUNCIL

John Farrell Joe Green Tom Dolan Tom Freda Jim Butler

OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

Cindi Rice-Conley, Moderator Marguerite Seymour, Town Clerk/Tax Collector Kathy Wagner, Treasurer

OTHER OFFICIALS

William R. Hart, Jr., Town Manager (Acting) Susan Hickey, Director of Finance and Administration



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Londonderry New Hampshire

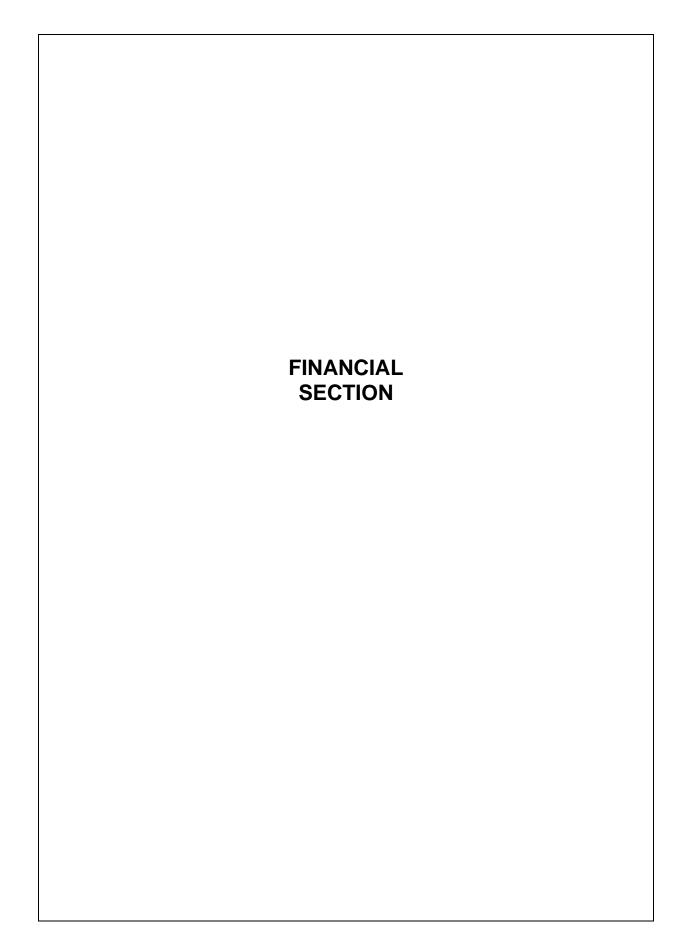
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

hay R. Enger

Executive Director/CEO

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MELANSON HEATH & COMPANY, PC Certified Public Accountants MANAGEMENT ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Londonderry, New Hampshire

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Londonderry, New Hampshire, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Londonderry, New Hampshire's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Town's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that

Nashua, NH 03063

Manchester, NH 03101

102 Perimeter Road • 149 Hanover Street • 10 New England Business Center Drive, Suite 107 • 51 Davis Street, Suite 1 • Andover, MA 01810 800-282-2440 • www.melansonheath.com

Greenfield, MA 01301

P.O. Box 646 Ellsworth, ME 04605 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Londonderry, New Hampshire as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general and sewer funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Funding Progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying Supplementary Statements and Schedules appearing on pages 68

through 89 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Londonderry's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Welanson, Heath + Company P.C.

Nashua, New Hampshire December 11, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Town of Londonderry, New Hampshire, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Londonderry for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-10 of this report.

A. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

As of the close of the current fiscal year, total assets exceeded liabilities by \$75,664,210 (*total net position*), a change of \$(1,864,648) in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$5,362,692 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,512,141, a change of \$(883,677) in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 15.1% of this amount, \$2,196,431, is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,352,325, a change of \$(731,697) in comparison to the prior year.

Total long-term debt (i.e., bonds payable and capital leases) at the close of the current fiscal year was \$18,030,000 a change of \$(340,000) in comparison to the prior year.

B. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Londonderry's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>**Government-wide financial statements.</u>** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.</u>

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating. The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements summarize functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation, and economic development. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Town's funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the governmentwide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-33 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 35 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found on pages 36-61 of this report.

<u>Other information</u>. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which is required to be disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Required supplementary information can be found on page 62 of this report.

Additional combining statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. These Supplementary Statements and Schedules can be found on pages 68-89 of this report.

C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following is a summary of the Town's condensed government-wide financial data for the current and prior fiscal years. All amounts are presented in thousands.

	Gove	POSITION rnmental tivities				
		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		Amount Change	% <u>Change</u>
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	43,026 82,899	\$ 47,010 83,848	\$	(3,984) (949)	-8.5% -1.1%
Total assets		125,925	130,858		(4,933)	-3.8%
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows	_	4,032 20,461 25,767	 4,830 19,615 28,884	-	(798) 846 (3,117)	-16.5% 4.3% -10.8%
Total liabilities		50,260	53,329		(3,069)	-5.8%
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	69,455 847 5,362	 69,947 735 6,847	-	(492) 112 (1,485)	-0.7% 15.2% -21.7%
Total net position	\$	75,664	\$ 77,529	\$	(1,865)	-2.4%

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Governmental

Act	IVI	ties

Revenues:		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		Amount <u>Change</u>		% <u>Change</u>
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues:	\$	6,273 864 471	\$	6,180 778 65	\$	93 86 406	\$	1.5% 11.1% 624.6%
Property taxes Interest, penalties and other taxes Motor vehicle registrations Grants and contributions not		15,836 1,079 6,186		15,440 909 6,392		396 170 (206)		2.6% 18.7% -3.2%
restricted to specific programs Investment income Other	-	1,157 5 89		1,295 38 266	-	(138) (33) (177)		-10.7% -86.8% -66.5%
Total revenues		31,960		31,363		597		1.9%
Expenses: General government Public safety Highways and streets Sanitation Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation Economic development Interest	_	3,791 17,217 6,309 3,674 110 1,809 3 322 654		3,963 16,560 4,405 3,600 126 1,911 3 431 683		(172) 657 1,904 74 (16) (102) - (109) (29)		-4.3% 4.0% 43.2% 2.1% -12.7% -5.3% 0.0% -25.3% -4.2%
Total expenses Change in net position before permanent fund contributions	-	33,889 (1,929)	•	31,682 (319)	•	2,207 (1,610)		7.0% 504.7%
Permanent fund contributions	_	64	-	13	-	51	,	392.3%
Change in net position		(1,865)		(306)		(1,559)		509.5%
Net position - beginning of year	-	77,529		77,835		(306)		-0.4%
Net position - end of year	\$_	75,664	\$	77,529	\$	(1,865)	\$	-2.4%

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, total net position was \$75,664,210, a change of \$(1,864,648) from the prior year.

The largest portion of net position, \$69,454,537 (91.8%), reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets

are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of net position, \$846,981 (1.1%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$5,362,692 (7.1%), may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

<u>Governmental activities</u>. Governmental activities for the year resulted in a change in net position of \$(1,864,648). Key elements of this change are as follows:

General fund operations, as discussed further in Section D	\$	(1,801,391)
Sewer fund revenues over expenditures and transfers out		493,885
Special revenue fund revenues and transfer in		
over expenditures and transfers out		162,749
Capital project fund revenues and other financing sources		
over expenditures		148,564
Trust fund revenues over expenditures and transfers out		112,516
Depreciation expense in excess of principal debt service		(648,392)
Change in OPEB liability		(572,314)
Other GAAP accruals	_	239,735
Total	\$_	(1,864,648)

D. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,512,141, a change of \$(883,677) in comparison to the prior year. Key elements of this change are as follows:

General fund operations, as discussed further below	\$	(1,801,391)
Sewer fund revenues over expenditures and transfers out		493,885
Nonmajor fund revenues and other financing sources		
over expenditures and transfers out	_	423,829
Total	\$_	(883,677)

The general fund is the chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,352,325, while total fund balance was \$7,464,061. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. The results of this comparison are summarized in the table below.

				70 01
				Total General
General Fund	<u>6/30/13</u>	<u>6/30/12</u>	<u>Change</u>	Fund Expenditures
Unassigned fund balance	\$ 3,352,325	\$ 4,084,022	\$ (731,697)	11.4%
Total fund balance ¹	\$ 7,464,061	\$ 9,265,452	\$ (1,801,391)	25.5%
4				

% of

¹Includes capital reserve funds.

The total fund balance of the general fund changed by \$(1,801,391) during the current fiscal year. The primary underlying reasons for this change in fund balance are as follows:

Revenues in excess of budget	\$	293,443
Expenditures less than budget		32,509
Use of fund balance as a funding source		(692,000)
Excess of prior year encumbrances over current year		(1,530,333)
Capital reserve fund operations		313,874
Other	_	(218,884)
Total	\$_	(1,801,391)

The Town's capital reserve funds are included in total general fund balance as follows:

	<u>6/30/13</u>	<u>6/30/12</u>	<u>Change</u>
Capital reserve funds	\$ 1,073,957	\$ 760,083	\$ 313,874

E. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There was no difference between the Town's total Original Budget and the total Final Budget.

Significant budget to actual variances for general fund revenues and expenditures include the following:

- Interest and penalties on taxes revenue was over budget by \$189,502. This was primarily due to a tax-deeded property settlement.
- Motor vehicle registrations revenue was under budget by \$(139,193) due to a small decline in the overall number of registrations.

- Other grants revenue was over budget by \$450,277, primarily due to federal grant monies received in connection with an ongoing highway salt reduction project.
- Income from departments revenue was over budget by \$237,055, which was a combination of increases in ambulance revenues and cable franchise fees.
- Interest on deposits revenue was under budget by \$(145,507) due to continued Federal Reserve monetary policies to keep interest rates low to stimulate the economy and control inflation.
- Town manager department expenditures were under budget by \$144,675 due to a vacancy in the town manager position.
- Legal department expenditures were over budget by \$(223,712) due to ongoing legal issues primarily regarding impact fees.
- Police department expenditures were under budget by \$190,155, while fire department expenditures were over budget by \$(287,922) as the Town continues to restructure its public safety services in response to continued growth and development.
- Highway department expenditures were under budget by \$166,187, primarily due to a decrease in snow removal and winter road maintenance costs.
- Community development department expenditures were under budget by \$101,076 due to decreased personnel costs.
- Capital outlay expenditures were over budget by \$(321,868), primarily due to non-budgeted expenditures funded by an offsetting federal grant.

F. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital assets</u>. Total investment in capital assets for governmental activities at year end amounted to \$82,898,605 (net of accumulated depreciation), a change of \$(948,652) from the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery, vehicles and equipment, intangibles, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$1,035,318 of construction in progress for Exit 4A and two fire pumper trucks that were on order from the vendor.
- \$850,579 for machinery, vehicles, and equipment, including three highway department trucks with plows.
- \$58,843 for various projects, including the senior center bathroom remodeling and upgrades to the GIS imaging library.
- \$(2,893,392) in current year depreciation expense.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 9 on page 49-50 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, total bonded debt outstanding was \$16,625,000, all of which was backed by the full faith and credit of the government. In addition, the Town entered into a six year capital lease totaling \$1,405,000, which includes both a purchase option and a non-appropriation clause.

<u>Credit rating</u>. As of June 30, 2013, the Town's credit rating on outstanding bonded debt was Aa2, which was unchanged from the prior year.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 14 and Note 15 on pages 51-53 of this report.

G. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The general outlook for the Town of Londonderry is positive. The 4.9% unemployment rate for the Manchester/Londonderry area, according to the New Hampshire Employment Security Bureau, is under the overall U.S. unemployment rate of 7.5%. The Town, in partnership with the State of New Hampshire, continues to invest strongly in its public works infrastructure and is poised to benefit from continued improvements in the overall economy.

For the upcoming fiscal year, the taxpayers approved at the Annual Budgetary Town Meeting a \$27,525,281 operating budget and \$1,858,000 in capital and personnel warrant articles for a total fiscal year 2014 general fund budget of \$29,383,281.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Londonderry's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Director of Finance & Administration

Town of Londonderry

268B Mammoth Road

Londonderry, New Hampshire 03053

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Current:	
	¢ 20.004.000
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 39,994,868
Investments	795,980
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	
Property taxes	1,197,472
User fees	465,497
Departmental and other	552,786
Other assets	2,976
Noncurrent:	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	
Property taxes	16,488
	10,400
Capital assets:	~~~~~
Land and construction in progress	20,558,670
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	62,339,935
TOTAL ASSETS	125 024 672
IUTAL ASSETS	125,924,672
LIABILITIES	
Current:	
Accounts payable	774,409
	,
Accrued liabilities	670,629
Tax refunds payable	119,596
Other liabilities	209,292
Current portion of long-term liabilities:	
Capital leases	226,272
Bonds payable	2,005,000
Compensated absences	17,449
Landfill post-closure	10,000
Noncurrent:	
Capital leases, net of current portion	1,178,728
Bonds payable, net of current portion	14,620,000
Compensated absences, net of current portion	1,524,818
Landfill post-closure, net of current portion	120,000
Accrued other post-employment benefits	3,017,662
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	25,766,607
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED	
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	50,260,462
NET ROOTION	
NET POSITION	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
Net investment in capital assets	69,454,537
Restricted externally or constitutionally for:	
Permanent funds:	
Nonexpendable	740,138
Expendable	106,843
•	
Unrestricted	5,362,692
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 75,664,210

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Brogrom Povonuos		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Not Resition
			Program Revenues		Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	<u>Services</u>	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 3,791,015	\$ 61,230	\$ 107,410	\$-	\$ (3,622,375)
Public safety	17,216,243	3,605,505	97,969	49	(13,512,720)
Highways and streets	6,308,705	-	500,541	344,859	(5,463,305)
Sanitation	3,674,373	2,156,276	73,828	-	(1,444,269)
Health and welfare	109,492	-	437	-	(109,055)
Culture and recreation	1,809,452	449,673	76,155	-	(1,283,624)
Conservation	2,571	-	7,204	126,516	131,149
Economic development	322,399	-	-	-	(322,399)
Interest	654,240	-			(654,240)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 33,888,490	\$ 6,272,684	\$ 863,544	\$ 471,424	(26,280,838)
			General Revenue	s:	
			Property taxes		15,836,304
			Interest, penalties	s and other taxes	1,078,924
			Motor vehicle reg	istrations	6,185,807

Property taxes	15,836,304
Interest, penalties and other taxes	1,078,924
Motor vehicle registrations	6,185,807
Grants and contributions not restricted	
to specific programs	1,157,512
Investment income	4,799
Other	89,244
Total general revenues	24,352,590
Change in net position before	
permanent fund contributions	(1,928,248)
Permanent fund contributions	63,600
Change in net position	(1,864,648)
Net Position:	
Beginning of year	77,528,858
End of year \$	75,664,210

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2013

				Sewer		Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental
		General		Fund	(Funds		Funds
ASSETS				<u>r und</u>		1 4140		
Cash and short-term investments	\$	38,038,197	\$	-	\$	1,956,671	\$	39,994,868
Investments		-		-		795,980		795,980
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:								
Property taxes		1,190,960		-		23,000		1,213,960
User fees		428,026		37,471		-		465,497
Other		143,741		-		409,045		552,786
Due from other funds Other		3,063,408 2,976		5,278,194 -		119,182 -		8,460,784 2,976
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	42,867,308	\$	5,315,665	\$	3,303,878	\$	51,486,851
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	760,475	\$	12,052	\$	1,882	\$	774,409
Accrued liabilities		420,981		-		-		420,981
Tax refunds payable		119,596		-		-		119,596
Due to other funds		6,965,298		-		1,495,486		8,460,784
Other liabilities	,	179,720		1,572		-	-	181,292
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,446,070		13,624		1,497,368		9,957,062
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		26,957,177		37,471		23,000		27,017,648
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		740,138		740,138
Restricted		1,108,282		5,264,570		2,199,266		8,572,118
Committed		1,517,090		-		-		1,517,090
Assigned		1,486,364		-		-		1,486,364
Unassigned		3,352,325		-	-	(1,155,894)	-	2,196,431
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		7,464,061		5,264,570		1,783,510	-	14,512,141
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	•	40.007.000	•		•	0.000.070	•	E4 400 0E4
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	42,867,308	\$	5,315,665	\$	3,303,878	\$	51,486,851

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 14,512,141
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 	82,898,605
 Revenues are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and are not deferred until collection. 	1,223,041
 In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due. 	(249,648)
 Long-term liabilities, including bonds, capital leases, compensated absences, landfill post-closure, and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the 	(00.740.000)
governmental funds.	 (22,719,929)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 75,664,210

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 15,655,987	\$-	\$-	\$ 15,655,987
Interest, penalties and				
other taxes	1,078,924	-	126,516	1,205,440
Licenses and permits	6,444,286	-	73,736	6,518,022
Intergovernmental	2,147,871	-	-	2,147,871
Charges for services	1,179,355	2,067,575	2,776,383	6,023,313
Investment income	4,800	-	68,077	72,877
Other revenues	80,573		148,553	229,126
Total Revenues	26,591,796	2,067,575	3,193,265	31,852,636
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	3,075,912	-	2,095	3,078,007
Public safety	13,592,017	-	2,722,077	16,314,094
Highways and streets	3,095,221	-	-	3,095,221
Sanitation Health and welfare	1,877,215	1,253,690	- 350	3,130,905
Culture and recreation	109,142	-	140,382	109,492
Conservation	1,575,818 1,571	-	140,362	1,716,200 1,571
Economic development	484,711	-	-	484,711
Capital outlay	2,599,721	-	1,221,870	3,821,591
Debt service	2,889,521		-	2,889,521
Total Expenditures	29,300,849	1,253,690	4,086,774	34,641,313
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,709,053)	813,885	(893,509)	(2,788,677)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bond issuance	500,000	-	-	500,000
Capital lease issuance	-	-	1,405,000	1,405,000
Transfers in	487,662	-	80,000	567,662
Transfers out	(80,000)	(320,000)	(167,662)	(567,662)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	907,662	(320,000)	1,317,338	1,905,000
Net changes in fund balances	(1,801,391)	493,885	423,829	(883,677)
Fund Balances, beginning of year, as restated	9,265,452	4,770,685	1,359,681	15,395,818
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 7,464,061	\$	\$	\$

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(883,677)
 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: 		
Capital outlay purchases Depreciation		1,944,740 (2,893,392)
• Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (e.g., property taxes) differ between the two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred revenue.		171,208
 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position: 		
Issuance of debt Repayments of debt		(1,905,000) 2,245,000
 In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due. 		4,291
 Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. 		
Compensated absences Landfill post-closure liability OPEB liability	_	14,496 10,000 (572,314)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(1,864,648)

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES, AND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual Amounts (Budgetary <u>Basis)</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues and other sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 15,928,594	\$ 15,928,594	\$ 15,928,594	\$-
Interest, penalties, and other taxes	901,263	901,263	1,082,784	181,521
Licenses and permits	6,576,500	6,576,500	6,444,286	(132,214)
Intergovernmental	1,699,084	1,699,084	2,147,871	448,787
Charges for services	942,300	942,300	1,179,355	237,055
Investment income	150,000	150,000	4,493	(145,507)
Other revenues	165,000	165,000	22,639	(142,361)
Other financing sources:				
Bond issuance	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Transfers in	641,500	641,500	487,662	(153,838)
Use of fund balance	692,000	692,000	692,000	-
Total Revenues and other sources	28,196,241	28,196,241	28,489,684	293,443
Expenditures and other uses:				
Current:				
General government	3,054,575	3,079,035	3,064,834	14,201
Public safety	13,515,968	13,494,545	13,586,794	(92,249)
Highways and streets	3,113,935	3,111,214	2,945,027	166,187
Sanitation	1,911,807	1,911,791	1,903,406	8,385
Health and welfare	184,604	184,604	109,142	75,462
Culture and recreation	1,582,425	1,582,167	1,507,913	74,254
Conservation	3,300	3,300	1,571	1,729
Economic development	407,774	407,732	306,656	101,076
Capital outlay	787,000	787,000	1,108,868	(321,868)
Debt service	2,894,853	2,894,853	2,889,521	5,332
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out	740,000	740,000	740,000	
Total Expenditures and other uses	28,196,241	28,196,241	28,163,732	32,509
Excess of revenues and other sources				
over expenditures and other uses	\$	\$	\$325,952	\$325,952

SEWER FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES, AND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual Amounts (Budgetary <u>Basis)</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues and other sources:				
Charges for services	\$3,003,706	\$3,003,706	\$	\$ (945,239)
Total Revenues and other sources	3,003,706	3,003,706	2,058,467	(945,239)
Expenditures and other uses: Current:				
Sanitation Other financing uses:	2,683,706	2,683,706	1,367,757	1,315,949
Transfers out	320,000	320,000	320,000	-
Total Expenditures and other uses	3,003,706	3,003,706	1,687,757	1,315,949
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Cash and short term investments	\$_1,712,697
Total Assets	\$
LIABILITIES	
Escrow deposits	\$ 1,396,381
School funds	316,316
Total Liabilities	\$

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2013

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies of the Town of Londonderry (the Town) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by a 5-member elected Town Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and applicable component units for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. In fiscal year 2013, it was determined that no entities met the required GASB 39 criteria of component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used was not eliminated by the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-

wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement <u>Presentation</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *sewer fund* is used to account for all of the activity associated with the management and operation of the Town's sewer systems.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

• The agency fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust for impact fees, construction escrows and school district capital reserves. Agency funds, unlike other funds, have no measurement focus, reporting only assets and liabilities.

D. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Cash balances from all funds, except those required to be segregated by law, are combined to form a consolidation of cash. Cash balances are invested to the extent available, and interest earnings are recognized in the general fund. Certain special revenue and fiduciary funds segregate cash, and investment earnings become a part of those funds.

Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and savings accounts. A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption "cash and short-term investments". The interest earnings attributable to each fund type are included under investment income.

E. Investments

State and local statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available. Deposits in any financial institution may not exceed certain levels within the financial institution. Non-fiduciary fund investments can be made in securities issued by or unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government or agencies that have a maturity of one year or less from the date of purchase and repurchase agreements guaranteed by such securities with maturity dates of no more than 90 days from the date of purchase.

Investments for the Trust Funds consist of marketable securities, bonds, mutual funds, and short-term money market investments. Investments are carried at fair value.

F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans).

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20
Infrastructure	30 - 75
Vehicles	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

H. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vested sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt as other financing sources in the current period, while debt issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

J. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In general, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. The Town reserves those portions of fund balance that are legally segregated for a specific use or which do not represent available, spendable resources and therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unassigned fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods.

The Town's fund balance classifications are as follows:

- 1) *Nonspendable funds* are either unspendable in the current form (i.e., prepaid items) or can never be spent (i.e., cemetery perpetual care principal).
- 2) Restricted funds are restricted to specific purposes by external constraints imposed by laws, creditors, or grantors, or others outside of the Town's organization. The Town reports restricted fund balance in the general fund for the encumbered, unspent proceeds of bond issuances and in the capital project funds for the unspent proceeds of capital lease issuances. The Town also reports restricted fund balances in the sewer fund and other special revenue funds for funds that have been created by statute or have other external constraints on how the monies held in these funds may be expended.
- 3) Committed funds can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to binding constraints imposed by formal action of the Town's highest decision-making authority, which is the annual Budgetary Town Meeting. These commitments can be established, modified, or rescinded only by majority Budgetary Town Meeting vote. The Town reports committed fund balance in the general fund for the encumbered, unspent portion of non-lapsing capital appropriations, as well as for capital reserves set aside by Budgetary Town Meeting vote for future capital acquisitions and improvements.
- 4) Assigned funds are intended to be used for specific purposes as established by the approved Town Council budget. The Town reports assigned fund balance in the general fund for year-end departmental encumbrances for goods and services that have been ordered but not yet received. The Town also reports assigned fund balance for general fund surplus fund balance that has been appropriated as a funding source for the subsequent fiscal period.
- 5) Unassigned funds are available to be spent in future periods.

When an expenditure is incurred that would qualify for payment from multiple fund balance types, the Town uses the following order to liquidate liabilities: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position represents the difference between assets/ deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The remaining net position is reported as unrestricted.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

A. Budgetary Information

At the annual town meeting, the Town Council presents an operating and capital budget for the proposed expenditures of the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget, as enacted by town meeting, establishes the legal level of control and specifies that certain appropriations are to be funded by particular revenue sources. The original budget can be amended during the fiscal year by special town meetings as required by changing conditions.

The Town's legal spending limit is at the department level, as voted by Town Meeting.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds (i.e., sewer division fund).

At year end, appropriation balances lapse, except for certain unexpended capital items and encumbrances which will be honored during the subsequent fiscal year.

B. Budgetary Basis

The general fund, sewer fund, and nonmajor governmental funds final appropriation appearing on the "Budget and Actual" pages of the fund financial statements represents the final amended budget after all transfers and supplemental appropriations.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The budgetary data for the general fund and the sewer fund is based upon accounting principles that differ from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Therefore, in addition to the GAAP basis financial statements, the results of operations of the general fund and the sewer fund are presented in accordance with budgetary accounting principles to provide a meaningful comparison to budgetary data.

The following is a summary of adjustments made to the actual revenues and other sources, and expenditures and other uses, to conform to the budgetary basis of accounting.

	Revenues and Other		Expenditures and Other
<u>Fin</u>	ancing Sources	F	<u>inancing Uses</u>
\$	26,591,796	\$	29,300,849
_	987,662	_	80,000
	27,579,458		29,380,849
	272,608		-
	-		(3,598,111)
	-		2,067,778
	692,000		-
	(307)		313,567
_	(54,075)	_	(351)
\$_	28,489,684	\$_	28,163,732
	\$	and Other Financing Sources \$ 26,591,796 <u>987,662</u> 27,579,458 272,608 - - 692,000 (307) (54,075)	and Other Financing Sources F \$ 26,591,796 \$ 987,662 \$ 27,579,458 272,608 \$

(continued)

(continued)

Sewer Fund	Fin	Revenues and Other ancing Sources		Expenditures and Other Financing Uses			
<u>Sewer Fund</u>	<u> </u>	anding Sources	<u> </u>	mancing 0565			
Revenues/Expenditures (GAAP basis)	\$	2,067,575	\$	1,253,690			
Other financing sources/uses (GAAP basis)	_	-	_	320,000			
Subtotal (GAAP Basis)		2,067,575		1,573,690			
Subtract beginning of year appropriation carryforwards from expenditures		-		(1,947,197)			
Add end-of-year appropriation carryforwards to expenditures		-		2,061,264			
Remove deferred revenue		(9,108)	_	-			
Budgetary basis	\$	2,058,467	\$_	1,687,757			

D. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeding appropriations during the current fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund:	
Town council	\$ (164)
Legal	\$ (223,712)
Zoning board	\$ (3,232)
General services	\$ (10,033)
Cemeteries	\$ (1,172)
Fire department	\$ (287,922)
Capital outlay	\$ (321,868)

E. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had deficits as of June 30, 2013:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Capital project funds:	
Exit 4A	\$ (1,155,894)

This deficit will be eliminated through future bond proceeds, which have been authorized but are currently unissued.

3. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. New Hampshire RSA 41:29 stipulates that Town funds be deposited "in participation units in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22 or in federally insured banks charted under the laws of New Hampshire or the federal government with a branch within the state, except that funds may be deposited in federally insured banks outside the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodial bank or the federal reserve bank collateral security of the following types:

- (a) United States governmental obligations
- (b) United States government agency obligations; or
- (c) Obligations of the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case."

In addition, RSA 41:29 allows excess funds "which are not immediately needed for the purpose of expenditure" to be invested in the "public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22, or in deposits, including money market accounts, or certificates of deposit, or repurchase agreements, and all other types on interest bearing accounts, of federally insured banks chartered under the laws of New Hampshire or the federal government with a branch within the state, or in obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government."

The Town's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires a comprehensive review of the credit worthiness and capital ratios of the institutions. The Town's deposit policy limits the investment of Town assets to U.S. Treasury Securities maturing in less than one year, fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposits at commercial banks of the State of New Hampshire, New England Region and the State of New York, repurchase agreements fully collateralized by the U.S. Treasury Securities or agencies, and any state approved pool or instrument. The Town's policy further stipulates that all Town assets be secured through third-party custody and safekeeping procedures.

As of June 30, 2013, none of the Town's bank balance of \$36,441,682 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured, uncollateralized, or collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the Town's name.

The Town also maintains various trust funds that are managed by the Trustees of Trust Funds (Trustees). As of June 30, 2013, none of the Trustees' short-term cash and investment balances of \$51,001 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured, uncollateralized, or collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the Town's name.

4. Investments

A. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law employs the "prudent investor rule" whereby investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments. Neither the Town's nor the Trustees' policies specifically address investment credit risk.

Presented below (in thousands) is the actual rating as of year-end for each of the Town's and Trustees' investments (All federal agency securities have an implied credit rating of AAA.):

Investment Type	Fair <u>Value</u>	Rating <u>AAA</u>
Debt-related Securities: Federal agency securities	\$ <u>30</u>	\$ <u>30</u>
Subtotal	30	\$ <u>30</u>
Certificates of deposits Corporate equities Mutual funds	11 307 448	
Total investments	\$ <u>796</u>	

B. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Both the Town's and Trustees' investment policies follow the guidelines of New Hampshire RSA 31.

As of June 30, 2013, the Town did not have any investments.

As of June 30, 2013, none of the Trustees' investments of \$795,980 were exposed to custodial credit risk.

C. Concentration of Credit Risk

Neither the Town nor the Trustees place limits on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

As of June 30, 2013, the Town did not have any investments.

As of June 30, 2013, the Trustees did not have investments (other than mutual funds) in any one issuer greater than 5% of total investments.

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Neither the Town nor the Trustees have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing their exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Trustees' investments to market interest rate fluctuations is as follows (in thousands):

		Investment Maturitie (<u>in Years</u>)					
Investment Type	Fair <u>Value</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>Varies</u>				
Debt Related Securities: Federal agency securities Fixed income mutual funds	\$ 30 <u>138</u>	\$ 30 	\$- 				
Total	\$ <u>168</u>	\$ <u>30</u>	\$ <u>138</u>				

E. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Neither the Town nor the Trustees have policies for foreign currency risk.

5. <u>Taxes Receivable</u>

The Town bills property taxes on a semi-annual basis, with property taxes due in July and December. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied (budgeted) to the extent that they become available, i.e., due or receivable within the current fiscal year and collected within the current period or within 60 days of year end. Property taxes collected before the due date and in advance of the year for which they are levied are recorded as a *taxes collected in advance* liability, as they are intended to finance the Town's subsequent year's operations.

Delinquent taxes are typically liened at the Registrar of Deeds on February 28 of the next year. If the liened property taxes (redemptions) are not paid within two years of the tax lien date, the property is conveyed to the Town by tax deed and could subsequently be sold at a public sale.

The Town annually budgets an amount (overlay) for residential and business property tax abatements and refunds. All abatements and refunds are charged to this overlay account and are classified as a contra-tax revenue in the general fund. The overlay account also includes probable abatements accrued to be paid.

Taxes receivable at June 30, 2013 consist of the following:

Tax Liens:				
2012	\$	703,575		
2011		365,701		
2010		45,008		
2009		35,317		
Prior	_	21,012		
			1,17	0,613
Elderly Deferrals			1	6,488
Land Use Change Tax			2	3,000
Yield Tax				1,512
Excavation Tax				2,347
Total			\$ <u>1,21</u>	3,960

Taxes Collected for Others

The Town collects property taxes for the Londonderry School District and for Rockingham County. Payments to the school district are normally made throughout the year and payment to the County is normally made in December. However, ultimate responsibility for the collection of these taxes rests with the Town.

6. User Fees Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

User fees receivable include amounts due from customers for ambulance and sewer services. Ambulance receivables are recorded in the general fund and are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts; the allowance amount is estimated using receivables that are more than 120 days past due. Sewer receivables are reported in special revenue funds; delinquent sewer receivables are liened in a manner similar to property taxes, as described in Note 5.

User fees receivable and related allowance for doubtful accounts at June 30, 2013 consist of the following:

	1	<u>Ambulance</u>		<u>Sewer</u>		Total
Gross receivable	\$	574,655	\$	37,471	\$	612,126
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(146,629)	_	-	_	(146,629)
Total	\$	428,026	\$	37,471	\$	465,497

7. Other Receivables

Other receivables consist of:

General fund: Tax acquired property settlement Other	\$ 112,664 31,077	
Subtotal		143,741
Nonmajor governmental funds: Police outside detail Police airport division	114,337 294,708	
Subtotal		409,045
Total		\$

8. Interfund Fund Receivables/Payables and Interfund Transfers

Although self-balancing funds are maintained, most transactions flow through the general fund. In order to obtain accountability for each fund, interfund receivable and payable accounts must be utilized. The following is an analysis of the June 30, 2013 balances in interfund receivable and payable accounts:

<u>Fund</u>	Due From Other Funds	Due To <u>Other Funds</u>
General Fund Sewer Fund	\$ 3,063,408 5,278,194	\$ 6,965,298 -
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Special Revenue Funds:		
Police outside detail	47,476	-
Police airport division	-	297,620
Conservation commission	-	38,791
Reclamation fund	-	1,077
Other special funds	71,706	-
Capital Project Funds:		
Exit 4A	-	1,157,998
Subtotal Nonmajor Funds	119,182	1,495,486
Total	\$	\$

Following is an analysis of interfund transfers during fiscal year 2013. The primary purpose of these transfers is to ensure budgetary compliance. Most transfers are budgeted in the general fund and transferred to/from other funds. The Town annually budgets transfers from the sewer fund to the general fund to cover their share of general fund costs.

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In	Fransfers Out	
General Fund	\$ 487,662	\$	80,000
Sewer Fund	-		320,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds:			
Police airport division	-		98,636
Conservation	-		15,910
Library trustees	80,000		-
Capital Project Funds:			
Fire facility	-		35,616
Permanent Fund	-	-	17,500
Subtotal Nonmajor Funds	80,000	-	167,662
Total	\$ 567,662	\$	567,662

Following is a summary of fiscal year 2013 budgeted transfers between the Town's general fund and capital reserve funds, which have been eliminated from the governmental fund financial statements in accordance with the reporting requirements of GASB 54.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>T</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>		Transfers In		Transfers In		Transfers In		ransfers Out
General Fund Capital Reserve Funds:	\$	-	\$	660,000						
Fire department		335,000		-						
Ambulance		75,000		-						
Highway trucks		100,000		-						
Fire department equipment		150,000		-						
Total	\$	660,000	\$_	660,000						

9. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	E	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u> </u>	ncreases	D	ecreases		Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and building improvements	\$	14,431	\$	117	\$	_	\$	14,548
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	Ψ	9,866	Ψ	850	Ψ	-	Ψ	10,716
Intangibles		1,436		32		-		1,468
Infrastructure		84,309		413		-		84,722
Improvements other than buildings		556		27		-		583
	-				-		-	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		110,598		1,439		-		112,037
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and building improvements		(2,914)		(363)		-		(3,277)
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment		(8,104)		(773)		-		(8,877)
Intangibles		(1,384)		(28)		-		(1,412)
Infrastructure		(34,209)		(1,675)		-		(35,884)
Improvements other than buildings	-	(193)		(54)	_	-	-	(247)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(46,804)		(2,893)	_	-	-	(49,697)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		63,794		(1,454)		-		62,340
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land and land improvements		12,501		-		-		12,501
Construction in progress	_	7,552		1,035	_	(529)	_	8,058
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	-	20,053		1,035	-	(529)		20,559
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	83,847	\$	(419)	\$	(529)	\$	82,899

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Town as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	201
Public safety		679
Highways and streets		1,336
Sanitation		547
Culture and recreation		102
Economic development		28
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	2,893

10. <u>Accounts Payable</u>

Accounts payable represent 2013 expenditures paid after June 30, 2013.

11. <u>Accrued Liabilities</u>

Accrued liabilities on the governmental fund balance sheet primarily consist of accrued payroll and accrued benefit leave payable, while accrued liabilities on the Statement of Net Position include these same liabilities as well as accrued interest on long-term debt at June 30, 2013.

12. <u>Tax Refunds Payable</u>

This balance consists of an estimate of refunds due to property tax payers for potential future abatements. These cases are currently pending with the state Board of Tax and Land Appeals.

13. <u>Other Liabilities</u>

This balance consists of miscellaneous Town obligations, including payroll withholdings and unclaimed property resulting from uncashed payroll and accounts payable checks that have been voided and segregated pending future resolution.

14. Capital Leases

The Town is the lessee of certain equipment under a capital lease agreement issued in the current fiscal year. Future minimum lease payments under this capital lease consisted of the following at June 30, 2013:

Fiscal <u>Year</u>		Capital <u>Leases</u>
2014 2015	\$	246,407 249,366
2016		248,253
2017		246,127
2018		244,001
Thereafter	_	241,873
Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest		1,476,027 (71,027)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	1,405,000

The Town has designated various capital reserve funds as the primary source to repay the obligations incurred under this capital lease agreement.

15. Long-Term Debt

A. Long-Term Debt Supporting Governmental Activities

General obligation bonds, issued by the Town of Londonderry for various municipal projects, are approved by voters and repaid with property taxes recorded in the general fund.

B. General Obligation Bonds

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Serial Maturities <u>Through</u>	Interest <u>Rate(s) %</u>		Amount Outstanding as of <u>6/30/13</u>
Open space conservation	12/01/14	3.31%	\$	200,000
Multi-purpose refunding bonds	10/15/15	2.74%		435,000
Roadway improvements	01/15/18	3.07%		600,000
Roadway improvements	02/01/18	1.24%		500,000
Roadway improvements	11/15/18	3.58%		900,000
Roadway improvements	07/15/19	2.43%		700,000
Roadway improvements	12/01/20	2.38%		800,000
Roadway improvements	07/15/21	2.48%		900,000
Mammoth Road sewer	11/01/21	4.39%		1,080,000
Multi-purpose bond	07/01/23	3.83%		7,485,000
Open space & fire station	08/15/26	4.02%	_	3,025,000
Total Governmental Activities:			\$_	16,625,000

C. Future Debt Service

The annual payments to retire all general obligation long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

<u>Governmental</u>		Principal	<u>Interest</u>			Total			
2014	\$	2,005,000	\$	581,475	\$	2,586,475			
2015		1,910,000		516,912		2,426,912			
2016		1,810,000		453,251		2,263,251			
2017		1,695,000		391,403		2,086,403			
2018		1,695,000		331,302		2,026,302			
2019 - 2023		6,030,000		852,028		6,882,028			
2024 - 2028	-	1,480,000		80,180		1,560,180			
Total	\$	16,625,000	\$	3,206,551	\$	19,831,551			

D. Bond Authorizations/Unissued

Long term debt authorizations which have not been issued or rescinded as of June 30, 2013 are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>		<u>Amount</u>
Mammoth Road Sewer	\$	225,000
Auburn Road Water Line		49,600
Exit 4A Construction		4,500,000
Auburn Road Landfill Site		900,000
Roadway Improvements	_	500,000
Total Unissued Bond Authorizations	\$_	6,174,600

E. Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities (in thousands):

											Equals
		Total					Total		Less	Lo	ong-Term
	I	Balance					Balance		Current		Portion
		<u>7/1/12</u>	A	<u>dditions</u>	Re	eductions	6/30/13		Portion 1		<u>6/30/13</u>
Governmental Activities											
Capital leases	\$	-	\$	1,405	\$	-	\$ 1,405	\$	(226)	\$	1,179
Bonds payable		18,370		500		(2,245)	16,625		(2,005)		14,620
Other:											
Compensated absences		1,557		65		(80)	1,542		(17)		1,525
Landfill post-closure		140		-		(10)	130		(10)		120
OPEB liability	_	2,445	_	888	-	(315)	3,018	-	-	-	3,018
Totals	\$	22,512	\$	2,858	\$	(2,650)	\$ 22,720	\$	(2,258)	\$	20,462

The general fund has been designated as the primary source to repay all governmental-type long-term debt.

16. Landfill Post-closure Costs

The Town's landfill has been closed and capped. However, State and Federal laws and regulations require the Town to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at its capped landfill site for a period of thirty years after closure. These *post-closure care* costs are reported as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements, and a portion of the liability is expensed each year. The amount of the post-closure care liability and the portion of costs expensed each year are based on estimates provided by management. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

17. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net assets by the Town that are applicable to future reporting periods. Deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities.

The following is a summary of deferred inflow of resources balances as of June 30, 2013:

	Er	ntity-wide Basis	6	Fund Basis					
	(Governmental		Gov	ern	mental Fu	nental Funds		
				General		Sewer		Nonmajor	
		Activities		<u>Fund</u>		Fund		Funds	
Taxes paid in advance	\$	25,766,607	\$	25,766,607	\$	-	\$	-	
Deferred revenues		-		1,162,570		37,471		23,000	
Unearned revenues	_	-		28,000		-		-	
Total	\$_	25,766,607	\$	26,957,177	\$	37,471	\$	23,000	

18. <u>Restricted Net Position</u>

The accompanying entity-wide financial statements report restricted net position when external constraints from grantors or contributors are placed on net position.

Permanent fund restricted net position is segregated between nonexpendable and expendable. The nonexpendable portion represents the original restricted principal contribution, and the expendable represents accumulated earnings which are available to be spent based on donor restrictions.

19. <u>Governmental Funds - Balances</u>

Fund balances are segregated to account for resources that are either not available for expenditure in the future or are legally set aside for a specific future use.

The following types of fund balances are reported at June 30, 2013:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This fund balance classification includes nonmajor governmental fund reserves for the principal portion of permanent trust funds.

<u>Restricted</u> - Represents amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This fund balance classification includes general fund encumbrances funded by bond issuances, sewer funds, special

revenue funds, capital projects funded by capital lease proceeds, and the income portion of permanent trust funds.

<u>Committed</u> - Represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority (Budgetary Town Meeting). This fund balance classification includes general fund encumbrances for non-lapsing, special article appropriations approved at Budgetary Town Meeting, capital reserve funds set aside by Budgetary Town Meeting vote for future capital acquisitions and improvements (now reported as part of the general fund per GASB 54), and capital projects funded by surplus fund balance.

<u>Assigned</u> - Represents amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to use these resources for a specific purpose. This fund balance classification includes general fund encumbrances that have been established by various Town departments for the expenditure of current year budgetary financial resources upon vendor performance in the subsequent budgetary period.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Represents amounts that are available to be spent in future periods and temporary deficit balances in capital project funds.

Nonspendable	General <u>Fund</u>	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Nonexpendable permanent funds	\$	\$	\$ 740,138	\$ 740,138
Total Nonspendable	-	-	740,138	740,138
Restricted Projects funded by borrowing Special revenue funds Expendable permanent funds	1,108,282 - -	- 5,264,570 	195,280 1,897,143 106,843	1,303,562 7,161,713 106,843
Total Restricted	1,108,282	5,264,570	2,199,266	8,572,118
Committed Non-lapsing capital appropriations Capital reserve funds Total Committed	443,133 <u>1,073,957</u> 1,517,090	- 	- 	443,133 <u>1,073,957</u> 1,517,090
Assigned Encumbrances Appropriated fund balance Total Assigned	516,364 <u>970,000</u> 1,486,364	- 	- 	516,364 <u>970,000</u> 1,486,364
Unassigned Total Unassigned	3,352,325 3,352,325		(1,155,894) (1,155,894)	2,196,431 2,196,431
Total Fund Balances	\$ 7,464,061	\$	\$ 1,783,510	\$14,512,141

Following is a breakdown of the Town's fund balances at June 30, 2013:

20. <u>General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance</u>

The unassigned general fund balance reported on the governmental funds balance sheet is stated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), which differs in respect to how undesignated fund balance is reported in accordance with the budgetary basis for reporting to the State of New Hampshire for tax rate setting purposes. The major difference is the State of New Hampshire considers revenues in connection with property tax receivables to be available to liquidate liabilities when billed rather than received.

The following summarizes the specific differences between the GAAP basis and the budgetary basis of reporting the general fund unassigned fund balance:

GAAP basis balance	\$	3,352,325
Deferred revenue		1,162,570
Tax refund estimate	_	119,596
Tax Rate Setting Balance	\$	4,634,491

21. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Outstanding Legal Issues</u> - There are several pending legal issues in which the Town is involved. The Town's management is of the opinion that the potential future settlement of such claims would not materially affect its financial statements taken as a whole.

<u>Grants</u> - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

22. Post-Employment Healthcare and Life Insurance Benefits

Other Post-Employment Benefits

GASB Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other post-employment benefits (OPEB), primarily healthcare, on an accrual basis rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially required contribution as an expense on the Statement of Activities when a future retiree earns their post-employment benefits, rather than when they use them. To the extent that an entity does not fund their actuarially required contribution, a post-employment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time.

A. Plan Description

In addition to providing the retirement system benefits described in Note 23, the Town indirectly provides post-employment healthcare for retired employees through an implicit rate covered by current year employees. Retirees of the Town that participate in this single employer plan, pay to participate in the Town's healthcare program. Since they are included in the same pool as current employees, the insurance rates are higher for current employees due to the age consideration. This increased rate is an implicit rate the Town covers for the retirees. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by RSA 100-A:50. As of July 1, 2010, the actuarial valuation date, approximately 24 retirees and 173 active employees meet the eligibility requirements. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

Retirees and their covered dependents are eligible to participate in the Town's medical, prescription drug, mental health/substance abuse programs. All active employees who retire from the Town and meet the eligibility criteria will receive these benefits.

C. Funding Policy

Retirees contribute 100% of the cost of the health plan, as determined by the Town. The Town contributes its implicit rate subsidy of the health plan costs on a pay-as-you-go basis.

D. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's fiscal 2013 annual OPEB expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost per year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year ending June 30, 2013, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the change in the Town's net OPEB obligation based on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2010.

Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$	881,877 110,041 (104,229)
Annual OPEB cost		887,689
Contributions made	_	(315,375)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		572,314
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	_	2,445,348
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$_	3,017,662

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the past three years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2013	\$ 887,689	35.5%	\$ 3,017,662
2012	\$ 886,258	32.1%	\$ 2,445,348
2011	\$ 884,727	27.2%	\$ 1,843,213
2010	\$ 787,091	23.8%	\$ 1,199,208

E. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2010, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	8,173,280
Actuarial value of plan assets	_	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$_	8,173,280
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	=	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$_	10,437,881
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		78.3%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amount and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented on page 62, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the Town and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Town and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit with linear proration to decrement cost method was used. The actuarial value of assets \$0, as the Town has not advance-funded its obligation. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.5%, which decreases to a 5.0% long-term rate for all healthcare benefits after ten years. The amortization costs for the initial UAAL is a level percentage of payroll over thirty years based on an open group, with an overall estimated inflation rate of 3.0% and total payroll growth estimated at 3.0% per year.

23. <u>Retirement System</u>

The Town follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, (as amended by GASB 50) with respect to its employees' retirement funds.

A. Plan Description

The Town contributes to the New Hampshire Retirement System (the System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, contributory public employee defined benefit pension plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and funded through a trust which is exempt from tax under Internal Revenue Code section 501(a). The System was established in 1967 and is governed by New Hampshire RSA 100-A, rules and regulations, federal laws, and policies adopted by its Board of Trustees. Membership in the System may be mandatory or optional, depending on employment position. Members are required to make regular contributions to the System. Member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State Legislature.

System membership is divided into two groups. *Group I* includes full-time state employees (except police officers and firefighters) and teachers, as well as employees of a political subdivision (i.e., school district, county, town, or other unit of local government) that has elected to participate in the System. *Group II* includes permanent firefighters and permanent police officers. Membership is a condition of employment and System contributions are mandatory for both *Group I* and *Group II* employees who meet specific eligibility requirements.

Additional information on the System's eligibility requirements, group membership parameters, funding policies, benefits, and the System's annual financial report can be obtained from the New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire, 03301-8507, or from the System's website at www.nhrs.org.

B. Funding Policy

The System is supported by member contributions, employer contributions, and net earnings on the investments of the trust fund. Member contribution rates are set by statute at 7.00% of member's compensation for *Group I* members (employees and teachers), 11.55% of member's compensation for *Group II* Police members, and 11.80% for *Group II* Fire members. Employer contributions are set by the System's Board of Trustees based on biennial actuarial valuations prepared as of June 30th on the odd numbered years (2009, 2011, etc.).

In fiscal year 2013, the Town was required to contribute 8.80% to the System for its eligible *Group I* employees, 19.95% for it eligible *Group II Police* employees, and 22.89% for its eligible *Group II Fire* employees. The Town's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$2,241,412, \$2,188,559, and \$1,820,071, respectively, which equaled its annual required contributions for each of these years.

24. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and have been no material settlements in excess of coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

25. <u>Beginning Fund Balance Restatement</u>

The beginning (July 1, 2012) fund balances of the Town have been restated as follows:

Fund Basis Financial Statements:

			Nonmajor		
		Sewer	Governmental		
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>		
As previously reported	\$	-	\$	6,130,366	
Reclassify major fund	_	4,770,685		(4,770,685)	
As restated	\$_	4,770,685	\$	1,359,681	

26. Implementation of New GASB Standards

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which the Town is required to implement in fiscal year 2015. Management's assessment is that this pronouncement will have a significant impact on the Town's basic financial statements, as the Town will have to report its proportional share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's unfunded pension liability in the financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

TOWN OF LONDONERRY, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets <u>(a)</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age <u>(b)</u>	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) <u>(b-a)</u>	Funded Ratio <u>(a/b)</u>	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u>	UAAL as a Percent- age of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
07/01/08	\$ -	\$ 7,392,805	\$ 7,392,805	0.0%	\$ 11,346,987	65.2%
07/01/10	\$ -	\$ 8,173,280	\$ 8,173,280	0.0%	\$ 10,437,881	78.3%

See Independent Auditors' Report.

SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

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Combining Financial Statements

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to account for resources obtained and expended for specified purposes and restricted by law or local action.

Special Revenue Funds are established for the following purposes:

- Police Outside Detail: To account for revenues and expenditures related to police outside special detail activities.
- Police Airport Division: To account for charges to City of Manchester Department of Aviation for security at the Manchester-Boston Regional Airport provided by the Londonderry Police Department and the related expenditures by the law enforcement personnel.
- Conservation Commission: To account for monies received through donations and bonds and expended for the conservation of local land and resources.
- Leach Library: To account for fines and fees collected by the library for the purchase of books and periodicals.
- Reclamation Fund: To account for revenues and expenditures related to motor vehicle parts disposal costs and capital improvements at the Drop-off Center.
- Other Special Funds: To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with various local activities supported by general fund appropriations, rental fees, participant donations, and other miscellaneous revenue sources.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Project Funds are established to account for resources obtained and expended for the acquisition of major capital facilities or equipment.

The current funds were established for the following purposes:

- Exit 4A: To account for the architectural and engineering costs associated with the development of a new on/off ramp from Route 93.
- Fire Facilities: To account for the architectural, engineering and construction costs of two new fire substations.

Capital Equipment: To account for public safety capital acquisitions funded by a capital lease, including one ambulance, six cardiac defibrillators, two fire trucks, and one SUV.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent Funds are established to account for certain assets held by the Town in a fiduciary capacity as trustee for cemetery, library, welfare, and other purposes.

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2013

			Specia	al Revenue	Funds	
		Police Outside		Police Airport		Conservation
		<u>Detail</u>		Division		<u>Commission</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and short-term investments Investments	\$	-	\$	-	4	5 1,298,214 -
Property taxes receivable		-		-		23,000
Other receivable Due from other funds		114,337 47,476		294,708 -		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	161,813	\$	294,708	9	5 1,321,214
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	1,373 297,620	9	38,791
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		298,993		38,791
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		23,000
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned		- 161,813 -		- (4,285) -		- 1,259,423 -
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	161,813		(4,285)		1,259,423
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	161,813	\$	294,708	9	5 1,321,214

Special Revenue Funds					
		Other			
Leach	Reclamation	Special	- · · · ·		
Library	Fund	Funds	Subtotals		
\$ 43,844	\$ 366,228	\$ -	\$ 1,708,286		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	23,000		
-	-	-	409,045		
-	-	71,706	119,182		
\$	\$366,228	\$	\$		
\$-	\$-	\$ 509	\$ 1,882		
-	1,077	-	337,488		
	1,077	509	339,370		
-	1,077	503	555,570		
-	-	-	23,000		
-	-	-	-		
43,844	365,151	71,197	1,897,143		
			<u> </u>		
43,844	365,151	71,197	1,897,143		
\$ 43,844	\$ 366,228	\$ 71,706	\$ 2,259,513		

(continued)

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	Capital Project Funds					
ASSETS		<u>Exit 4A</u>		Capital <u>Equipment</u>		Subtotals
Cash and short-term investments Investments	\$	2,104 -	\$	195,280 -	\$	197,384 -
Taxes receivable Other receivables		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,104	\$	195,280	\$	197,384
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	- 1,157,998	\$	-	\$	- 1,157,998
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,157,998		-		1,157,998
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted		-		195,280		195,280
Unassigned	_	(1,155,894)		-	-	(1,155,894)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	(1,155,894)		195,280	-	(960,614)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$_	2,104	\$	195,280	\$_	197,384

Permanent <u>Funds</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$ 51,001 795,980 - - -	\$ 1,956,671 795,980 23,000 409,045 119,182
\$ 846,981	\$
\$ - - - -	\$ 1,882 <u>1,495,486</u> 1,497,368 23,000
740,138 106,843 - 846,981	740,138 2,199,266 (1,155,894) 1,783,510
\$ 846,981	\$3,303,878

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Special Revenue Fu	nds
	Police Outside <u>Detail</u>	Police Airport Division	Conservation <u>Commission</u>
Revenues: Interest, penalties and other taxes Licenses and permits Charges for services Investment income Other	\$ - - 550,144 - -	\$ - 2,226,239 - -	\$ 126,516 - - 346 <u>6,858</u>
Total Revenues	550,144	2,226,239	133,720
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Health and welfare Culture and recreation Capital outlay	590,189 - - -	2,131,888 - - -	- - - - 1,000
Total Expenditures	590,189	2,131,888	1,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(40,045)	94,351	132,720
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital lease issuance Transfers in Transfers out	- - -	- - (98,636)	- - (15,910)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(98,636)	(15,910)
Net changes in fund balances	(40,045)	(4,285)	116,810
Fund Balances, beginning of year, as restated	201,858		1,142,613
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ <u>161,813</u>	\$(4,285)	\$

Special Revenue Funds				
Leach <u>Library</u>	Reclamation <u>Fund</u>	Other Special <u>Funds</u>	Subtotals	
\$ - - 21 <u>30,182</u> 30,203	\$ - 73,736 - 92 - 73,828	\$ - - - <u>47,913</u> 47,913	\$ 126,516 73,736 2,776,383 459 84,953 3,062,047	
- - - 102,310 - 102,310	- - - - - -	957 - 345 38,063 - 39,365	957 2,722,077 345 140,373 1,000 2,864,752	
(72,107)	73,828	8,548	197,295	
- 80,000 -	- - -		80,000 (114,546)	
80,000			(34,546)	
7,893	73,828	8,548	162,749	
35,951	291,323	62,649	1,734,394	
\$ 43,844	\$	\$ 71,197	\$	

(continued)

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	Capital Project Funds				
	<u>Exit 4A</u>	Fire <u>Facilities</u>	Capital <u>Equipment</u>	Subtotals	
Revenues:					
Interest, penalties and other taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services Investment income	- 1	-	- 49	- 50	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total Revenues	1	-	49	50	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	11,101	-	1,209,769	1,220,870	
Total Expenditures	11,101		1,209,769	1,220,870	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(11,100)	-	(1,209,720)	(1,220,820)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Capital lease issuance	-	-	1,405,000	1,405,000	
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	-	(35,616)	-	(35,616)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(35,616)	1,405,000	1,369,384	
Net changes in fund balances	(11,100)	(35,616)	195,280	148,564	
Fund Balances, beginning of year, as restated	(1,144,794)	35,616	<u> </u>	(1,109,178)	
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ (1,155,894)	\$	\$ 195,280	\$ (960,614)	

Permanent <u>Funds</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
\$ - - - 67,568 63,600 131,168	\$ 126,516 73,736 2,776,383 68,077 148,553 3,193,265
1,138 - 5 9 - 1,152	2,095 2,722,077 350 140,382 1,221,870 4,086,774
130,016	(893,509)
- - (17,500) (17,500)	1,405,000 80,000 (167,662) 1,317,338
112,516	423,829
734,465	1,359,681
\$ 846,981	\$1,783,510_

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Town Escrows:	Balance July 1, <u>2012</u>	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2013</u>
Assets - cash and short-term investments	\$ <u>2,097,258</u> \$2,097,258	\$ <u>1,275,747</u> \$1,275,747	\$ <u>(1,976,624)</u> \$(1,976,624)	\$ <u>1,396,381</u> \$1,396,381
School Capital Reserve:	+ <u></u>	* <u></u>	+ <u></u>	* <u></u>
Assets - cash and short-term investments	\$ <u>321,148</u> \$321,148	\$ <u>650,217</u> \$650,217	\$ <u>(655,049)</u> \$(655,049)	\$ <u>316,316</u> \$316,316
Totals:	¢ <u> </u>	¢ <u> </u>	¢ <u>(000,010)</u>	¢ <u> </u>
Assets - cash and short-term investments	\$	\$	\$ (2,631,673)	\$
Liabilities - other liabilities	\$	\$	\$ (2,631,673)	\$1,712,697_

Detail and Combining Budget and Actual Statements

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is established to account for all resources obtained and used for those services commonly provided by the Town which are not accounted for in any other fund. These services include among other items: General Government, Public Safety, Highways and Streets, Sanitation, Health and Welfare, Culture and Recreation, Conservation, and Economic Development. The primary sources of revenue of the General Fund are: property taxes, unrestricted state revenue sharing grants, certain restricted grants and fees for services rendered.

Detail Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources -Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property taxes Total Taxes	\$ <u>15,928,594</u> 15,928,594	\$ <u>15,928,594</u> 15,928,594	\$ <u>15,928,594</u> 15,928,594	\$
Total Taxes	15,920,594	15,920,594	15,920,594	-
Interest, Penalties, and Other Taxes				
Yield taxes	12,000	12,000	1,634	(10,366)
Excavation taxes	10,000	10,000	12,385	2,385
Payment in lieu of taxes	609,263	609,263	609,263	-
Interest and penalties on taxes	270,000	270,000	459,502	189,502
Total Interest, Penalties, and Other Taxes	901,263	901,263	1,082,784	181,521
Licenses and Permits				
Business licenses and permits	7,000	7,000	6,684	(316)
Motor vehicle registrations	6,325,000	6,325,000	6,185,807	(139,193)
Building permits	200,000	200,000	214,357	14,357
Other licenses, permits and fees	44,500	44,500	37,438	(7,062)
Total Licenses and Permits	6,576,500	6,576,500	6,444,286	(132,214)
Intergovernmental Maala and room distribution	1 076 605	1 076 605	1 076 500	(172)
Meals and room distribution	1,076,695	1,076,695	1,076,522	(173)
Highway block grant Water pollution grants	501,858 45,531	501,858 45,531	500,541 45,531	(1,317)
Other grants	75,000	75,000	525,277	- 450,277
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	1,699,084	1,699,084	2,147,871	448,787
rotar intergovernmentar revenues	1,033,004	1,000,004	2,147,071	440,707
Charges for Services				
Income from departments	942,300	942,300	1,179,355	237,055
Total Charges for Services	942,300	942,300	1,179,355	237,055
Investment Income				
Interest on deposits	150,000	150.000	4,493	(145,507)
Total Investment Income	150,000	150,000	4,493	(145,507)
	100,000	100,000	1,100	(110,001)
Other Revenues				
Other miscellaneous revenue	165,000	165,000	22,639	(142,361)
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	165,000	165,000	22,639	(142,361)
Total Devenues	26 200 744	00 000 744	26.040.000	447.004
Total Revenues	26,362,741	26,362,741	26,810,022	447,281

(continued)

Detail Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources -Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(continued)				Variance with Final Budget
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources				
Bond Issuance	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Operating Transfers In:				
Sewer fund	320,000	320,000	320,000	-
Police airport division fund	150,000	150,000	98,637	(51,363)
Other special revenue funds	154,000	154,000	15,909	(138,091)
Capital project funds	-	-	35,616	35,616
Permanent fund	17,500	17,500	17,500	-
Total Transfers In	641,500	641,500	487,662	(153,838)
Use of Fund Balance	692,000	692,000	692,000	
Total Other Financing Sources	1,833,500	1,833,500	1,679,662	(153,838)
Total Revenues and				
Other Financing Sources	\$ 28,196,241	\$ 28,196,241	\$ 28,489,684	\$ 293,443

Detail Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Expenditures				
General Government				
Town council	\$ 12,096	\$ 12,094	\$ 12,258	\$ (164)
Town manager	384,166	384,129	239,454	144,675
Moderator	300	300	-	300
Budget committee	1	1	-	1
Town clerk/tax collector	454,809	454,765	441,330	13,435
Supervisor of checklist	14,704	14,702	13,654	1,048
Finance	596,725	621,775	578,619	43,156
Assessing	362,701	362,203	357,251	4,952
Information technology	324,595	324,595	314,839	9,756
Legal	104,500	104,500	328,212	(223,712)
Zoning board	40,333	40,326	43,558	(3,232)
General services	502,649	502,649	512,682	(10,033)
Cemeteries	32,974	32,974	34,146	(1,172)
Municipal insurances	224,022	224,022	188,831	35,191
Total General Government	3,054,575	3,079,035	3,064,834	14,201
Public Safety				
Police department	7,286,967	7,280,524	7,090,369	190,155
Fire department	5,942,215	5,927,717	6,215,639	(287,922)
Building department	286,786	286,304	280,786	5,518
Total Public Safety	13,515,968	13,494,545	13,586,794	(92,249)
Highwaya and Streets				
Highways and Streets	2 112 025	2 111 214	2 045 027	166 107
Highway department	3,113,935	<u>3,111,214</u> 3,111,214	2,945,027	166,187
Total Highways and Streets	3,113,935	3,111,214	2,945,027	166,187
Sanitation				
Solid waste	1,911,807	1,911,791	1,903,406	8,385
Total Sanitation	1,911,807	1,911,791	1,903,406	8,385
Health and Welfare				
General assistance	184,604	184,604	109,142	75,462
Total Health and Welfare	184,604	184,604	109,142	75,462
	104,004	104,004	100,142	10,402
Culture and Recreation				
Cable	265,132	265,110	233,016	32,094
Recreation department	147,461	147,343	143,185	4,158
Library	1,120,309	1,120,197	1,091,914	28,283
Senior affairs	49,523	49,517	39,798	9,719
Total Culture and Recreation	1,582,425	1,582,167	1,507,913	74,254

(continued)

Detail Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

(continued)	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Conservation				
Conservation	<u>3,300</u> 3,300	<u>3,300</u> 3,300	<u>1,571</u> 1,571	1,729
Economic Development	3,300	3,300	1,571	1,729
Community development	407,774	407,732	306,656	101,076
Capital Outlay	407,774	407,732	306,656	101,076
Capital outlay	787,000	787,000	1,108,868	(321,868)
Total Capital Outlay	787,000	787,000	1,108,868	(321,868)
Debt Service				
Debt service	2,894,853	2,894,853	2,889,521	5,332
Total Debt Service	2,894,853	2,894,853	2,889,521	5,332
Total Expenditures	27,456,241	27,456,241	27,423,732	32,509
Other Financing Uses				
Operating Transfers Out:				
Library trustees	80,000	80,000	80,000	-
Capital reserve funds	660,000	660,000	660,000	
Total Other Financing Uses	740,000	740,000	740,000	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$28,196,241	\$	\$	\$32,509

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual

Annually Budgeted Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Police Outside Detail						
	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>				
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$_564,244	\$ 564,244	\$_550,144	\$ <u>(14,100)</u>				
Total Revenues	564,244	564,244	550,144	(14,100)				
Expenditures:								
Public safety	564,244	564,244	517,568	46,676				
Total Expenditures	564,244	564,244	517,568	46,676				
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>32,576</u>	\$ <u>32,576</u>				

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Capital Assets Used in Operation Governmental Funds

Schedule of Capital Assets By Source

June 30, 2013

CAPITAL ASSETS

Buildings and building improvements	\$ 11,270,730
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	1,839,285
Intangibles	56,380
Infrastructure	48,837,902
Improvements other than buildings	335,638
Land and land improvements	12,500,700
Construction in progress	8,057,970
Total General Capital Assets	\$ 82,898,605

INVESTMENTS IN CAPITAL ASSETS

General fund	\$ 51,397,473
Special revenue funds	22,274,007
Capital project funds	9,227,125
Total Investments in General Capital Assets	\$

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets By Function and Activity

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Capital Assets July 1, 2012	Additions	Deductions	Capital Assets June 30, 2013
General Government:				
Town manager	\$ 37,908	\$ 30,372	\$ 14,673	\$ 53,607
Finance	80,657	-	26,182	54,475
Information technology	101,137	6,544	31,383	76,298
Planning and zoning	1,092	-	452	640
General services	17,105,743	<u> </u>	128,492	16,977,251
Total General Government	17,326,537	36,916	201,182	17,162,271
Public Safety:				
Police	4,921,349	70,229	226,811	4,764,767
Fire	5,603,732	1,253,578	451,970	6,405,340
Total Public Safety	10,525,081	1,323,807	678,781	11,170,107
Highways and Streets:				
Public works	33,868,939	442,174	1,335,661	32,975,452
Total Highways and Streets	33,868,939	442,174	1,335,661	32,975,452
Sanitation				
Sewer	18,819,647	-	547,328	18,272,319
Total Sanitation	18,819,647	-	547,328	18,272,319
Culture and Recreation:				
Parks and recreation	1,742,480	-	8,064	1,734,416
Library	1,252,725	68,250	64,528	1,256,447
Cable	255,259	18,150	29,462	243,947
Senior affairs	-	23,247	527	22,720
Total Culture and Recreation	3,250,464	109,647	102,581	3,257,530
Economic Development	56,589	32,196	27,859	60,926
Total Economic Development	56,589	32,196	27,859	60,926
Total General Capital Assets	\$83,847,257	\$	\$	\$82,898,605_

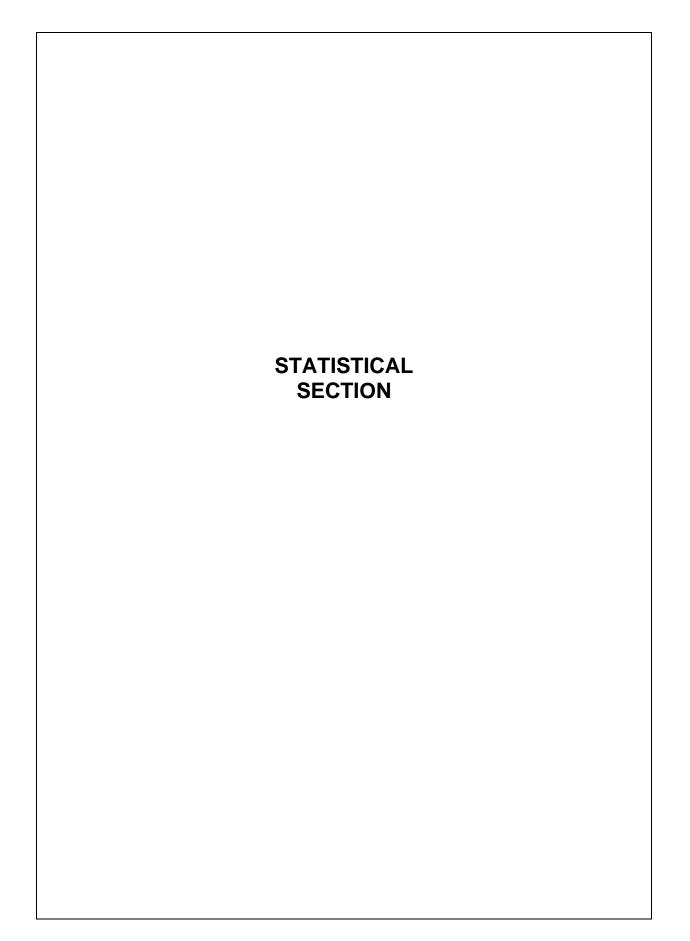
Schedule of Capital Assets By Function and Category

June 30, 2013

	Buildings and Improvements	Machinery, Vehicles, and <u>Equipment</u>	Intangibles
General Government:			
Town manager	\$-	\$ 53,607	\$-
Finance	-	54,475	-
Information technology	-	71,640	-
Planning and zoning	-	640	-
General services Total General Government	2,957,519	19,004	-
Total General Government	2,957,519	199,366	-
Public Safety:			
Police department	4,494,635	127,274	-
Fire department	2,263,794	707,331	-
Total Public Safety	6,758,429	834,605	-
Highways and Streets:			
Public Works	183,572	676,189	-
Total Highways and Streets	183,572	676,189	-
Sanitation			
Sewer	-	5,709	-
Total Sanitation	-	5,709	-
Culture and Recreation:			
Recreation department	-	5,196	-
Library	1,183,346	62,137	-
Cable	187,864	56,083	-
Senior affairs	-	-	-
Total Culture and Recreation	1,371,210	123,416	-
Economic Development	_	_	56,380
Total Economic Development		<u> </u>	56,380
Total General Capital Assets	\$ <u>11,270,730</u>	\$	\$ 56,380

Infrastructure	Improvements other than <u>Buildings</u>	Land	Construction in Progress	Total
\$ - - - - - 93,458 93,458	\$ - - 4,658 - - <u>33,682</u> 38,340	\$ - - - - - - 12,248,740 12,248,740	\$ - - - - - 1,624,848 1,624,848	\$53,607 54,475 76,298 640 <u>16,977,251</u> 17,162,271
- <u>880</u> 880	142,858 57,447 200,305	- 	- 3,375,888 3,375,888	4,764,767 6,405,340 11,170,107
<u>30,621,432</u> 30,621,432	<u>37,527</u> 37,527	<u>251,960</u> 251,960	<u>1,204,772</u> 1,204,772	32,975,452 32,975,452
<u>18,117,586</u> 18,117,586	<u>2,559</u> 2,559	<u> </u>	<u>146,465</u> 146,465	<u>18,272,319</u> 18,272,319
- - - - - - 4,546 4,546	23,223 10,964 - 22,720 56,907 -	- - - - -	1,705,997 - - - 1,705,997 -	1,734,416 1,256,447 243,947 22,720 3,257,530 <u>60,926</u> 60,926
\$ 48,837,902	\$	\$	\$ 8,057,970	\$ 82,898,605

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The Town of Londonderry's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

	Pages
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well- being, have changed over time.	94-101
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	102-106
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	107-110
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	111-112
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the service the government provides and the activities it performs.	113-115

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Assets/Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year Ending								
Governmental Activities:	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013⁽¹⁾</u>
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 63,306,962 \$ 568,649 8,478,840	63,373,228 \$ 589,622 9,970,885	64,953,187 \$ 598,187 10,836,397	64,992,645 663,039 12,491,720	\$ 66,322,703 \$ 645,183 	65,478,547 566,002 12,824,164	69,168,086 \$ 611,742 9,778,247	70,406,443 \$ 743,524 6,685,269	69,947,258 \$ 734,465 6,847,135	69,454,537 846,981 5,362,692
Total net position	\$ <u>72,354,451</u>	\$ <u>73,933,735</u> \$	76,387,771 \$	78,147,404	\$ <u>78,701,725</u> \$	78,868,713	<u>79,558,075</u>	77,835,236 \$	77,528,858 \$	75,664,210

Notes:

In 2013, the Town began reporting net position, rather than net assets, in conformity with GASB Statement No. 63. Prior to that time, net investment in capital assets was labeled "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Changes in Net Assets/Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending									
Governmental Activities:	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013⁽¹⁾</u>
Expenses General government	\$ 6,314,035	• • • • • • •	2,776,708 \$	2,922,857 \$	3,934,902 \$	5,139,243 \$	3,958,532 \$	4,022,647 \$	3,963,149 \$	3,791,015
Public safety Highways and streets Sanitation	9,476,231 2,869,982 2,235,465	10,965,243 4,055,649 2,775,629	11,577,220 5,311,941 3,334,611	13,762,946 5,570,348 3,109,377	13,762,995 5,074,427 3,702,251	15,473,889 3,892,894 4,073,017	16,121,622 4,276,080 3,440,061	16,350,045 6,279,279 4,491,804	16,560,271 4,405,364 3,599,659	17,216,243 6,308,705 3,674,373
Health and welfare Culture and recreation	2,235,465 278,411 1,564,275	281,960 1,733,731	278,625 1,809,430	307,796 2,280,477	178,496 2,001,143	4,073,017 159,825 1,889,678	165,490 1,578,831	4,491,604 175,417 1,596,464	126,106 1,910,707	109,492 1,809,452
Conservation Economic development	409,449	383,894	382,881	418,691	420,413	440,869	3,426 470,697	2,406 425,783	3,156 430,689	2,571 322,399
Interest Total expenses	723,029 23,870,877	1,050,508	769,362 26.240.778	768,978 29,141,470	896,326 29.970.953	802,585	743,540	705,234	683,447 31.682.548	654,240 33.888.490
Program Revenues	20,0.0,011	1,200,100				1,012,000		2 1,0 10,010	,002,010	10,000,100
Charges for services General government	6,425,238	105,539	104,910	100,797	98,425	75,788	433,522	378,670	62,748	61,230
Public Safety Highways and streets Sanitation	691,028 340,528	877,921 60,683	1,240,672 70,045	3,750,817 74,255	3,383,247 69,503	3,923,272 5,314	3,577,429	3,678,903	3,642,174	3,605,505
Health and welfare Culture and recreation	1,460,833 - 299,008	1,045,003 - 355,492	1,894,540 - 397,426	1,630,125 - 503,848	2,273,247 10,070 401,348	1,864,968 9,767 401,468	2,221,087 - 9,843	2,331,359 - 6,820	2,169,312 - 306,152	2,156,276 - 449,673
Total charges for services	9,216,635	2,444,638	3,707,593	6,059,842	6,235,840	6,280,577	6,241,881	6,395,752	6,180,386	6,272,684
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	638,593 646,392	315,764 677,759	416,026 1,687,078	378,830 716,096	734,657 582,909	846,877 627,826	850,265 1,332,518	923,042 1,490,155	778,220 65,205	863,544 471,424
Total program revenues	10,501,620	3,438,161	5,810,697	7,154,768	7,553,406	7,755,280	8,424,664	8,808,949	7,023,811	7,607,652
Net (Expenses) Revenues	(13,369,257)	(20,830,308)	(20,430,081)	(21,986,702)	(22,417,547)	(24,116,720)	(22,333,615)	(25,240,130)	(24,658,737)	(26,280,838)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Property taxes Interest, penalties and other taxes Motor vehicle registrations	11,576,174 860,732 -	12,321,459 862,921 6,404,091	13,665,446 769,467 6,309,859	13,685,209 1,634,295 5,915,524	13,661,626 848,179 6,023,616	14,300,221 1,227,157 5,910,220	14,829,912 870,500 5,736,360	15,257,216 894,631 5,711,807	15,439,921 908,627 6,392,231	15,836,304 1,078,924 6,185,807
Grants and contributions not restricted										
to specific programs Investment income Other	1,011,663 321,210 1,380,794	1,094,177 427,774 425,370	1,175,993 675,545 281,206	1,250,709 867,176 386,972	1,333,129 605,702 488,916	1,395,230 196,401 646,877	1,199,451 102,261 267,073	1,247,462 37,105 355.890	1,295,153 37,797 265,480	1,157,512 4,799 89,244
Total general revenues before permanent fund contributions	15,150,573	21,535,792	22,877,516	23,739,885	22,961,168	23,676,106	23,005,557	23,504,111	24,339,209	24,352,590
Permanent fund contributions	23,100	21,200	6,601	6,450	10,700	607,602	17,420	13,180	13,150	63,600
Change in Net Position	\$ 1,804,416		2,454,036 \$	1,759,633 \$	554,321 \$	166,988 \$	689,362 \$		(306,378) \$	

Notes: (1) In 2013, the Town began reporting net position, rather than net assets, in conformity with GASB Statement No. 63.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

			F	iscal Year Endin	g		
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
All governmental funds Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for perpetual permanent funds Reserved for prepaid expenditures Unreserved	\$ 3,546,161 459,099 - 13,648,380	\$ 2,025,837 480,931 - 10,733,716	\$ 3,209,825 589,622 - 9,079,385	\$ 3,077,071 598,186 - 10,930,309	\$ 3,304,418 545,217 - 9,759,496	\$ 3,882,636 465,605 - 11,125,971	\$ 6,331,745 513,729 409,581 8,949,791
Total all governmental funds	\$ 17,653,640	\$ 13,240,484	\$12,878,832	\$ 14,605,566	\$ 13,609,131	\$ 15,474,212	\$,949,791
General Fund Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for prepaid expenditures Unreserved	\$ 3,348,698 - 3,833,991	\$ 1,980,498 - 3,826,115	\$ 3,157,776 - 3,886,856	\$ 2,525,847 - 4,375,300	\$ 2,509,562 - 4,363,212	\$ 3,438,842 - 4,786,216	\$ 5,071,226 409,581 3,969,850
Total General Fund	\$ 7,182,689	\$ 5,806,613	\$ 7,044,632	\$ 6,901,147	\$ 6,872,774	\$ 8,225,058	\$ 9,450,657
Special Revenue Funds Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved	\$ 197,463 2,886,848	\$ 45,339 5,933,244	\$ 52,049 5,003,500	\$ 551,224 6,302,967	\$ 794,856 5,580,561	\$ 443,794 6,605,909	\$ 1,260,519 5,597,742
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$ 3,084,311	\$ 5,978,583	\$ 5,055,549	\$ 6,854,191	\$ 6,375,417	\$ 7,049,703	\$ 6,858,261
Capital Project Funds Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved	\$- 2,887,339	\$- 865,666	\$- 180,464	\$- 187,189	\$ - (284,243)	\$- (366,551)	\$- (715,814)
Total Capital Project Funds	\$ 2,887,339	\$ 865,666	\$ 180,464	\$ 187,189	\$ (284,243)	\$ (366,551)	\$ (715,814)
Permanent Funds Reserved for perpetual permanent funds Unreserved Total Permanent Funds	\$ 459,099 109,650 \$ 568,749	\$ 480,931 108,691 \$ 589,622	\$ 589,622 8,565 \$ 598,187	\$ 598,186 64,853 \$ 663,039	\$ 545,217 99,966 \$ 645,183	\$ 465,605 100,397 \$ 566,002	\$ 513,729 98,013 \$ 611,742

(1) With the implementation of GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011, the presentation of fund balance classifications has changed and is shown prospectively.

	Fiscal Year Ending						
(1) GASB 54 Implementation	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>				
All Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable	\$ 767,819	\$ 629,771	\$ 740,138				
Restricted	2,198,055	9,084,146	8,572,118				
Committed	7,472,879	1,174,261	1,517,090				
Assigned	1,256,156	1,568,412	1,486,364				
Unassigned	2,515,200	2,939,228	2,196,431				
Total all governmental funds	\$ 14,210,109	\$ 15,395,818	\$ 14,512,141				
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$ 125,900	\$-	\$-				
Restricted	1,937,169	¢ 2,474,373	Ψ 1,108,282				
Committed	1,765,261	1,138,645	1,517,090				
Assigned	1,256,156	1,568,412	1,486,364				
Unassigned	3,845,070	4,084,022	3,352,325				
Total General Fund	\$ 8,929,556	\$ 9,265,452	\$ 7,464,061				
Special Revenue Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Special Revenue Funds	\$ - 5,749,612 - - - - - - -	\$ - 6,505,079 - - - - \$ 6,505,079	\$ - 7,161,713 - - - \$ 7,161,713				
Capital Project Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned	\$- 117,287 -	\$ 35,616 -	\$ - 195,280 - -				
Unassigned	(1,329,870)	(1,144,794)	(1,155,894)				
Total Capital Project Funds	\$ (1,212,583)	\$ (1,109,178)	\$ (960,614)				
Permanent Funds							
Nonspendable	\$ 641,919	\$ 629,771	\$ 740,138				
Restricted	101,605	104,694	106,843				
Total Permanent Funds	\$ 743,524	\$ 734,465	\$ 846,981				

Changes in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending									
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013
Revenues										
Property taxes Interest, penalties and other taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other revenues	\$11,910,212 860,732 6,648,688 2,177,884 2,553,861 321,159 1,627,686	\$ 12,491,926 862,921 6,682,683 1,968,126 2,421,151 427,776 800,098	\$ 13,737,247 773,347 6,613,897 2,845,981 3,098,295 675,546 723,699	\$ 13,625,893 1,637,971 6,186,242 2,168,019 5,617,281 867,177 575,756	\$ 13,569,699 848,179 6,294,434 2,538,562 5,757,916 605,702 611,748	\$ 14,157,575 1,227,157 5,970,111 2,755,321 6,723,820 196,401 772,389	\$ 14,739,367 1,031,385 5,793,928 3,005,215 6,072,627 153,326 606,437	\$15,191,178 917,702 6,424,678 3,339,857 5,987,588 176,214 432,014	\$15,401,672 939,230 6,745,216 1,879,000 5,915,288 35,203 413,732	\$15,655,987 1,205,440 6,518,022 2,147,871 6,023,313 72,877 229,126
Total revenues	26,100,222	25,654,681	28,468,012	30,678,339	30,226,240	31,802,774	31,402,285	32,469,231	31,329,341	31,852,636
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets	6,371,261 13,229,370 3,021,933	6,605,675 11,062,970 4,197,445	4,914,456 11,323,017 4,061,864	4,832,993 15,583,706 4,211,039	4,650,824 13,500,753 3,752,042	3,360,704 14,612,788 3,369,085	4,500,995 14,570,939 3,333,082	3,558,605 15,245,071 3,042,461	3,389,761 15,401,489 2,554,791	3,078,007 16,314,094 3,095,221
Sanitation Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation Economic development	1,996,555 264,470 1,485,667 - 300,719	2,570,067 277,614 1,599,418 - 371,907	2,807,984 292,607 1,888,868 - 373,737	2,991,411 307,333 1,808,476 - 414,538	3,112,440 177,474 1,867,375 - 414,561	3,743,357 163,733 1,800,392 - 449,867	2,898,257 164,853 1,874,563 - 453,087	3,954,443 175,417 1,538,117 2,407 422,655	3,062,331 126,106 1,807,695 3,156 408,499	3,130,905 109,492 1,716,200 1,571 484,711
Capital outlay ⁽¹⁾ Debt service: Principal Interest	3,675,161 1,431,395 721,503	1,531,153 1,992,761 858,827	512,657 1,883,498 770,976	507,788 1,865,000 804,321	2,043,955 2,075,000 828,251	1,679,200 2,055,000 800,269	1,034,107 2,065,000 776,768	4,726,491 2,065,000 733,301	1,535,241 2,150,000 704,563	3,821,591 2,245,000 644,521
Total expenditures	32,498,034	31,067,837	28,829,664	33,326,605	32,422,675	32,034,395	31,671,651	35,463,968	31,143,632	34,641,313
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,397,812)	(5,413,156)	(361,652)	(2,648,266)	(2,196,435)	(231,621)	(269,366)	(2,994,737)	185,709	(2,788,677)
Issuance of refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Issuance of bonds Issuance of capital leases Transfers in Transfers out	4,545,000 (4,545,259) 13,652,674 - 1,799,503 (1,799,503)	- - 1,000,000 - 1,130,168 (1,130,168)	- - - 938,223 (938,223)	- 4,375,000 - 5,059,702 (5,059,702)	- - 1,200,000 - 931,064 (931,064)	- 1,500,000 - 1,304,360 (1,304,360)	- - 1,000,000 - 1,192,756 (1,192,756)	- 1,000,000 - 1,239,325 (1,239,325)	- - 1,000,000 - 825,555 (825,555)	- 500,000 1,405,000 567,662 (567,662)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,652,415	1,000,000	- (930,223)	4,375,000	1,200,000	1,500,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,905,000
Special Items:	<u> </u>									<u> </u>
Return of settlement liability						596,702				
Total special items	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				596,702				
Net changes in fund balances	\$ 7,254,603	\$ (4,413,156)	\$ (361,652)	\$ 1,726,734	\$ (996,435)	\$ 1,865,081	\$ 730,634	\$ (1,994,737)	\$ 1,185,709	\$ (883,677)
Debt Service as a percentage of non-capital outlay expenditures	7.47%	9.65%	9.37%	8.13%	9.56%	9.41%	9.28%	9.10%	9.64%	9.38%

(1) Includes noncapital appropriations reported as capital outlay expenditures in order to be consistent with budgetary classifications approved by Town meeting vote.

Changes in Fund Balances, General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending									
	2004	<u>2005</u>	2006	2007	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$11,910,212	\$ 12,491,926	\$13,737,247	\$ 13,625,893	\$13,569,699	\$ 14,157,575	\$14,739,367	\$ 15,191,178	\$ 15,401,672	\$ 15,655,987
Interest, penalties and other taxes	845,099	862,921	769,452	789,174	840,286	854,527	870,500	894,631	908,627	1,078,924
Licenses and permits	6,648,688	6,682,683	6,613,897	6,186,242	6,294,434	5,970,111	5,917,550	5,890,687	6,669,255	6,444,286
Intergovernmental	1,826,676	1,830,461	2,586,076	2,148,993	2,538,562	2,549,893	2,934,709	1,849,703	1,879,000	2,147,871
Charges for services Investment income	553,210	433,508	554,473	862,419	802,420	1,188,733	852,862	929,255	1,063,337	1,179,355
Other revenues	244,972 1,100,592	384,339 378,644	619,149 203,725	769,844 378,683	599,574 168,950	256,008 531,998	100,165 196,413	37,105 343,795	37,797 265,480	4,800 80,573
Total revenues	23,129,449	23,064,482	25,084,019	24,761,248	24,813,925	25,508,845	25,611,566	25,136,354	26,225,168	26,591,796
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Expenditures Current:										
General government	2,666,080	2,842,400	2,940,412	2,948,169	3,204,130	3,012,487	2,929,828	3,264,043	3,386,765	3,075,912
Public Safety	9,113,259	9,785,664	10,430,161	10,478,279	11,169,578	11,932,980	12,291,199	12,642,797	12,814,322	13,592,017
Highways and streets	2,765,923	3,942,857	3,581,685	4,007,119	3,518,334	3,364,600	3,082,476	3,042,461	2,554,791	3,095,221
Sanitation	1,223,130	1,471,600	1,864,448	1,875,281	1,896,988	1,804,100	1,882,694	1,811,568	1,902,722	1,877,215
Health and welfare	264,470	277,614	292,607	307,333	177,474	163,733	164,853	174,928	125,816	109,142
Culture and recreation	1,063,461	1,176,759	1,261,314	1,345,309	1,385,091	1,385,987	1,445,295	1,351,525	1,653,577	1,575,818
Conservation	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,416	2,011	3,156	1,571
Economic development	300,719	371,907	373,737	414,538	414,561	449,867	453,087	422,655	408,499	484,711
Capital outlay ⁽¹⁾	3,675,161	1,531,153	512,657	507,788	2,043,955	1,679,200	1,034,107	2,948,809	1,274,924	2,599,721
Debt service	2,152,898	2,851,588	2,654,474	2,669,321	2,903,251	2,855,269	2,841,768	2,798,301	2,854,563	2,889,521
Total expenditures	23,225,101	24,251,542	23,911,495	24,553,137	26,713,362	26,648,223	26,128,723	28,459,098	26,979,135	29,300,849
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(95,652)	(1,187,060)	1,172,524	208,111	(1,899,437)	(1,139,378)	(517,157)	(3,322,744)	(753,967)	(2,709,053)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of refunding bonds	4,545,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(4,545,259)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of bonds	2,900,000	-	-	4,375,000	1,200,000	1,500,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	500,000
Transfers in	256,250	470,576	401,110	166,553	801,064	872,160	967,756	958,869	457,709	487,662
Transfers out	(1,543,253)	(659,592)	(335,615)	(4,893,149)	(130,000)	(477,200)	(225,000)	(280,456)	(367,846)	(80,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,612,738	(189,016)	65,495	(351,596)	1,871,064	1,894,960	1,742,756	1,678,413	1,089,863	907,662
Special Items:										
Return of settlement liability	-		-	-	-	596,702	-	-	-	-
Total special items						596,702				
Total special liens						590,702				
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,517,086	\$ (1,376,076)	\$ 1,238,019	\$ (143,485)	\$ (28,373)	\$ 1,352,284	\$ 1,225,599	\$ (1,644,331)	\$ 335,896	\$ (1,801,391)
Dobt sonvice as a percentage of										
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital outlay expenditures	11.01%	12.55%	11.34%	11.10%	11.77%	11.44%	11.32%	10.97%	11.11%	10.82%

(1) Includes noncapital appropriations reported as capital outlay expenditures in order to be consistent with budgetary classifications approved by Town meeting vote.

Changes in Fund Balances, Special Revenue Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Yea	r Ending				
	<u>2004</u>	2005	2006	<u>2007</u>	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Revenues										
Interest, penalties and other taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$- - 335,808	\$- - 109,476	\$ 3,895 - -	\$ 848,797 - 19,026	\$ 7,893 - -	\$ 372,630 - 205,428	\$ 160,885 453,230	\$ 23,071 533,991	\$ 30,603 75,961	\$ 126,516 73,736
Charges for services Investment income Other revenues	2,000,651 11,151 126,356	1,961,550 23,826 400,254	2,543,822 24,116 512,577	4,754,862 19,979 187,941	4,955,496 15,539 382,098	5,535,087 11,500 229,491	4,752,698 6,476 188,059	5,058,333 1,773 75,039	4,851,951 664 69,899	4,843,958 459 84,953
Total revenues	2,473,966	2,495,106	3,084,410	5,830,605	5,361,026	6,354,136	5,561,348	5,692,207	5,029,078	5,129,622
Expenditures Current:										
General government Public safety Highways and streets	356,353 247,164 -	1,409,504 301,383 -	1,377,793 603,482 -	1,882,308 2,780,137 -	1,158,966 2,331,175 -	265,906 2,679,808 4,485	272,250 2,530,346 -	293,342 2,602,274 -	1,569 2,587,167 -	957 2,722,077 -
Sanitation Health and welfare Culture and recreation	765,549 418,876	1,090,696 420,953	943,536 - 622,953	1,116,130 - 461,728	1,215,452 - 480,643	1,939,257 - 412,934	1,015,563 637 174,050	2,142,875 485 186,583	1,159,609 283 154,103	1,253,690 345 140,373
Conservation Economic development Capital outlay	-			-	-	-	10 5 1,034,673	396 - 8,137	- - 7,868_	-
Total expenditures	1,787,942	3,222,536	3,547,764	6,240,303	5,186,236	5,302,390	5,027,534	5,234,092	3,910,599	4,118,442
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	686,024	(727,430)	(463,354)	(409,698)	174,790	1,051,746	533,814	458,115	1,118,479	1,011,180
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of bonds Transfers in Transfers out	124,377 (238,750)	1,000,000 157,393 (453,076)	- 107,393 (567,073)	2,357,393 (149,053)	- 130,000 (783,564)	- 432,200 (809,660)	- 225,000 (950,256)	- 117,000 (560,535)	- 77,197 (440,209)	80,000 (434,546)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(114,373)	704,317	(459,680)	2,208,340	(653,564)	(377,460)	(725,256)	(443,535)	(363,012)	(354,546)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 571,651	\$ (23,113)	\$ (923,034)	\$ 1,798,642	\$ (478,774)	\$ 674,286	\$(191,442)	\$ 14,580	\$ 755,467	\$ 656,634

Changes in Fund Balances, Capital Projects Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ending									
	<u>2004</u>	2005	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Revenues										
Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other revenues	\$ 15,400 - 333 -	\$ 28,189 26,093 732 -	\$ 259,905 - 181 796	\$- - 13 2,682	\$- - 4 50,000	\$- - 3 -	\$ 165,517 - 1 -	\$ 1,490,154 - 1 -	\$- - 1 65,204	\$ - - 50 -
Total revenues	15,733	55,014	260,882	2,695	50,004	3	165,518	1,490,155	65,205	50
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Highways and streets Sanitation Capital outlay	192,655 - 256,010 7,876 -	2,353,771 975,923 254,588 7,771	596,251 289,374 480,179 - -	2,516 2,325,290 203,920 - -	287,728 - 233,708 -	82,311 - - - -	- - - 514,781	- - - 1,769,545	- - - 252,449	- - - 1,220,870
Total expenditures	456,541	3,592,053	1,365,804	2,531,726	521,436	82,311	514,781	1,769,545	252,449	1,220,870
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(440,808)	(3,537,039)	(1,104,922)	(2,529,031)	(471,432)	(82,308)	(349,263)	(279,390)	(187,244)	(1,220,820)
Issuance of bonds Issuance of capital leases Transfers in Transfers out	1,851,274 - 1,057,876 	502,199 -	- 429,720 (10,000)	- - 2,535,756 -		- - -		- - 163,456 (380,834)	- - 290,649 -	- 1,405,000 - (35,616)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,909,150	502,199	419,720	2,535,756				(217,378)	290,649	1,369,384
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,468,342	\$ (3,034,840)	\$ (685,202)	\$ 6,725	\$ (471,432)	\$ (82,308)	\$ (349,263)	\$ (496,768)	\$103,405	\$ 148,564

General Government Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Payment in Yield Lieu of Taxes Taxes		Excavation Taxes		Р	nterest, enalties Other Taxes	Total	
2004	\$ 11,666,113	\$ 510,000	\$ 21,504	\$	13,117	\$	300,478	\$ 12,511,212	
2005	12,580,255	520,200	5,283		14,908		322,530	13,443,176	
2006	13,737,247	530,604	18,888		10,090		209,870	14,506,699	
2007	13,625,893	541,216	14,536		11,184		222,238	14,415,067	
2008	13,569,699	551,828	11,466		9,264		267,728	14,409,985	
2009	14,157,575	563,081	9,700		15,058		266,688	15,012,102	
2010	14,739,367	574,122	974		10,816		445,473	15,770,752	
2011	15,191,178	585,825	16,819		8,152		284,772	16,086,746	
2012	15,401,672	597,316	3,574		8,273		330,067	16,340,902	
2013	15,655,987	609,263	122		10,038		586,017	16,861,427	

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Property Tax Levied for	Collected w Fiscal Year o		Balance at Fiscal Year End	Delinquent Tax	Delinquent Balance at end of Current	Total Collection	Total Collections to Date		Number of Parcels		
Year	Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	% of Levy	of Levy Year	Collections	Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	In Levy	Liened	% Liened	
2003	\$ 44,069,941	\$ 42,855,222	97.2%	\$ 1,214,719	\$ 580,359	\$ 634,360	\$ 43,435,581	98.6%	9,095	187	2.06%	
2004	47,056,462	46,717,917	99.3%	338,545	116,219	222,326	46,834,136	99.5%	9,382	220	2.34%	
2005	55,130,236	53,168,196	96.4%	1,962,040	1,327,748	634,292	54,495,944	98.8%	9,506	223	2.35%	
2006	57,067,122	56,326,597	98.7%	740,525	161,711	578,814	56,488,308	99.0%	9,610	227	2.36%	
2007	59,122,596	58,572,792	99.1%	549,804	75,364	474,440	58,648,156	99.2%	9,609	324	3.37%	
2008	59,029,250	58,244,149	98.7%	785,101	274,802	510,299	58,518,951	99.1%	9,606	278	2.89%	
2009	61,326,245	60,783,858	99.1%	609,773	480,349	293,977	61,264,207	99.9%	9,609	236	2.46%	
2010	63,549,682	62,971,895	99.1%	703,313	526,188	371,628	63,498,083	99.9%	9,658	323	3.34%	
2011	65,885,833	64,970,290	98.6%	607,412	623,125	417,967	65,593,415	99.6%	9,658	357	3.70%	
2012	67,056,882	66,457,354	99.1%	599,528	576,864	442,281	67,034,218	99.9%	9,706	324	3.34%	
2013	68,407,455	67,703,880	99.0%	703,575	479,662	467,038	68,183,542	99.6%	9,802	330	3.37%	

Source: Town of Londonderry Annual Town Report Town of Londonderry Tax Collector

Notes:

(1) Includes taxes collected for the Londonderry School District and Rockingham County

Tax liens are placed within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Taxpayers have 2 years to redeem liens prior to property being tax deeded.

Assessed and Estimated Full Value of Real Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Local Assessed Value				Less Exemptions	Total Net Taxable	Total Direct		Ratio of Total Net Taxable	
Fiscal			Commercial/		Total Assessed	to Assessed	Assessed	Tax Rate per	Estimated	Assessed Value to
Year		Residential	Industrial	Utilities	Value	Value	Value	\$1,000 of Value	Full Value	Total Estimated Value
2004	\$	2,165,070,811 \$	288,983,575 \$	305,363,300 \$	2,759,417,686	\$ 273,204,550 \$	2,486,213,136	\$ 20.77 \$	3,050,888,586	81.5%
2005		2,479,609,162	336,023,677	344,743,200	3,160,376,039	296,295,600	2,864,080,439	20.46	3,291,493,812	87.0%
2006		2,896,242,641	349,576,134	344,743,200	3,590,561,975	339,916,000	3,250,645,975	18.87	3,274,163,075	99.3%
2007		2,899,570,144	350,861,934	355,557,000	3,605,989,078	338,204,200	3,267,784,878	17.42	3,346,869,655	97.6%
2008		2,616,156,685	369,102,678	349,557,000	3,334,816,363	346,682,050	2,988,134,313	17.36	3,323,828,044	89.9%
2009		2,636,484,995	385,083,538	394,757,000	3,416,325,533	418,540,150	2,997,785,383	17.62	3,343,051,059	89.7%
2010		2,469,243,134	383,432,206	481,207,000	3,333,882,340	505,119,150	2,828,763,190	18.74	3,317,787,719	85.3%
2011		2,477,756,918	381,999,026	481,957,000	3,341,712,944	365,467,400	2,976,245,544	19.39	3,147,464,465	94.6%
2012		2,486,519,949	388,910,266	523,377,304	3,398,807,519	375,894,780	3,022,912,739	19.39	3,374,318,239	89.6%
2013		2,310,111,808	582,255,169	554,420,304	3,446,787,281	378,169,380	3,068,617,901	19.59	3,421,988,901	89.7%

Source: Town of Londonderry Annual Town Report Town of Londonderry Tax Collector

Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

T	Type of Business	2013 Assessed Value	2013 Rank	Percentage of net Assessed Value	2004 Assessed Value	2004 Rank	Percentage of net Assessed Value
Taxpayer	Type of Business	value	2013 Rank	value	value	2004 Rank	value
GRANITE RIDGE ENERGY, LLC (AES0	Utility	\$ 430,000,000	1	14.01%	\$ 240,159,578	1	9.66%
PUBLIC SERVICE CO. OF NH	Electric Utility	114,681,604	2	3.74%	32,713,500	2	1.32%
INSIGHT TECHNOLOGY, INC.	Manufacturing	22,069,000	3	0.72%	-	-	-
COCA-COLA OF NORTHERN NE, INC.	Bottling Plant	21,257,400	4	0.69%	18,850,400	3	0.76%
TENNECO INCORPORATED	Gas Utility	18,250,000	5	0.59%	10,127,000	6	0.41%
HARVEY INDUSTRIES, INC.	Window Manufacturer	18,037,600	6	0.59%	-	-	-
LIEVENS ROBERT D. & STEPHEN R.	Retail	18,000,200	7	0.59%	9,376,230	7	0.38%
HOME DEPOT USA, INC.	Retail	15,891,200	8	0.52%	12,818,500	4	0.52%
APPLETREE MALL ASSOCIATES, INC	Retail Mall Plaza	14,456,000	9	0.47%	12,238,200	5	0.49%
LONDONDERRY FREEZER WAREHOUSE	Warehouse	13,859,800	10	0.45%	-	-	-
GLENBERVIE INC	Manufacturing	-			7,214,900	8	0.29%
VISTA RIDGE, LLC	Residential Development	-			8,106,800	9	0.33%
GILCREAST REALTY HOLDINGS II, LLC	Residential Development	-			6,695,900	10	0.27%
Total Principal Taxpayers		\$ 686,502,804		22.37%	\$ 358,301,008		14.41%
Total Net Assessed Taxable Value		\$ 3,068,617,901			\$ 2,486,213,136		

Source: Town of Londonderry Assessors Office

Property Tax Rates per \$1,000 of Assessed Value Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Overlapping Rates] *				
Fiscal Year	Town	Budgetary Use of Fund Balance	Total Town	Local School	State School	Total School	Total Direct	County	Total
2004	\$ 5.66	\$ (0.28)	\$ 5.38	\$ 10.48	\$ 4.91	\$ 15.39	\$ 20.77	\$ 1.21	\$ 21.98
2005	5.53	(0.26)	5.27	11.88	3.31	15.19	20.46	1.10	21.56
2006	5.23	(0.20)	5.03	11.06	2.78	13.84	18.87	0.98	19.85
2007	4.67	(0.23)	4.44	10.55	2.43	12.98	17.42	0.86	18.28
2008	4.60	(0.22)	4.38	10.67	2.31	12.98	17.36	0.86	18.22
2009	4.71	(0.33)	4.38	11.03	2.21	13.24	17.62	0.86	18.48
2010	4.93	(0.28)	4.65	11.79	2.30	14.09	18.74	0.94	19.68
2011	5.01	(0.27)	4.74	12.29	2.36	14.65	19.39	0.94	20.33
2012	4.89	(0.15)	4.74	12.45	2.20	14.65	19.39	0.95	20.34
2013	5.05	(0.20)	4.85	12.44	2.30	14.74	19.59	0.91	20.50

* The County overlapping tax rate is established annually by the NH Department of Revenue Administration based on the Town's assessed property values.

Source: Town of Londonderry Tax Collector

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			-	Percentage of Personal Income					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Median Family Income (1)	Per Capita Income (1)				
2004	\$ 23,662,784	\$ 596,441	\$ 24,259,225	0.33%	0.12%				
2005	22,445,000	301,349	22,746,349	0.36%	0.13%				
2006	20,570,000	-	20,570,000	0.41%	0.15%				
2007	23,080,000	426,058	23,506,058	0.31%	0.11%				
2008	22,205,000	113,060	22,318,060	0.33%	0.12%				
2009	21,650,000	-	21,650,000	0.34%	0.12%				
2010	20,585,000	-	20,585,000	0.36%	0.13%				
2011	19,520,000	-	19,520,000	0.45%	0.18%				
2012	18,370,000	-	18,370,000	0.56%	0.20%				
2013	16,625,000	1,405,000	18,030,000	0.59%	0.21%				

Notes:

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic Statistics on page 112 for personal income and population data.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Percentage of Per Capita Income (2)
2004	\$ 23,662,784	0.78%	0.12%
2005	22,445,000	0.68%	0.13%
2006	20,570,000	0.63%	0.15%
2007	23,080,000	0.69%	0.11%
2008	22,205,000	0.67%	0.12%
2009	21,650,000	0.65%	0.12%
2010	20,585,000	0.62%	0.13%
2011	19,520,000	0.62%	0.18%
2012	18,370,000	0.54%	0.20%
2013	16,625,000	0.49%	0.23%

Notes:

- (1) See the Schedule of Assessed and Estimated Full Value of Real Property on page 104 for property value data.
- (2) See the Schedule of Demographic Statistics on page 112 for population data.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

	Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable To Town of Londonderry	Amount Applicable To Town of Londonderry
	- (1) .	* 40.005.000	100.000/	.
Direct:	Town of Londonderry	\$ 16,625,000	100.00%	\$ 16,625,000
Overlapping:	Rockingham County Londonderry School District	18,020,000	6.86% 100.00%	- 18,020,000
Total Direct and	l Overlapping Debt	\$ 34,645,000		\$ 34,645,000

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of a municipality. This schedule sets forth the Town of Londonderry's share of those overlapping charges, which are assessed to taxpayers through a portion of the approved tax rate. The percentage applicable to the Town of Londonderry for Rockingham County, based on 2013 town allocations, is provided by the County. Since the Londonderry School District is strictly confined to the Town of Londonderry, 100% of its outstanding debt is overlapping and applicable to the governmental unit.

<u>Source:</u> Town Finance Department

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year										
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013		
Debt Limit	\$58,018,965	\$ 92,048,298	\$ 99,700,251	\$ 100,913,325	\$ 100,913,325	\$ 104,740,690	\$ 99,288,135	\$ 99,288,135	\$77,310,691	\$ 87,404,003		
Total net debt applicable to limit	26,502,274	24,754,600	23,264,600	26,154,600	25,654,600	25,444,600	24,594,600	23,649,600	21,179,600	21,494,600		
Legal debt margin	\$31,516,691	\$ 67,293,698	\$ 76,435,651	\$ 74,758,725	\$ 75,258,725	\$ 79,296,090	\$ 74,693,535	\$ 75,638,535	\$ 56,131,091	\$ 65,909,403		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	45.68%	26.89%	23.33%	25.92%	25.42%	24.29%	24.77%	23.82%	27.40%	24.59%		

Source: Town Finance Department

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2013		2004			
Employer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	
Insight Technologies	Manufacturing	1,300	1	9.70%	300	3	2.21%	
Harvey Industry	Window Manufacturing	500	2	3.73%				
Londonderry School District	Education	493	3	3.68%	450	1	3.31%	
Stonyfield Farms	Yogurt	375	4	2.80%	120	8	0.88%	
United Parcel Service Inc.	Parcel Delivery	288	5	2.15%	288	4	2.12%	
Coca Cola	Beverage Manufacturer	200	6	1.49%				
Vibro-meter	Manufacturer	188	7	1.40%				
Continental Paving	Road Construction	165	8	1.23%	100	10	0.74%	
Shaw's Supermarket	Supermarket	140	9	1.04%	200	5	1.47%	
CTS, Corp.	Electronic Manufacturer	130	10	0.97%				
Federal Express	Parcel Delivery				100	9	0.74%	
K Mart	Department Store				150	6	1.10%	
Summit Packaging	Manufacturer				320	2	2.36%	
Wire Belt	Manufacturer				128	7	0.94%	

Source: NH Employment Security, Economic & Labor Market Information Bureau

		Median	Per	Town		Unemployment Rates			
Fiscal Year	Population	Family Income	Capita Income	Unemployed	Labor Force	Town	State of NH	United States	
2004	24161	\$ 80,681	\$ 29,532	589	14,170	4.2%	6.7%	7.6%	
2005	24469	82,473	30,293	588	14,374	4.1%	7.7%	8.5%	
2006	24777	84,264	31,053	587	14,577	3.3%	3.7%	4.9%	
2007	24837	73,513	26,491	555	14,446	3.5%	3.6%	4.8%	
2008	24879	73,513	26,491	428	12,248	3.5%	3.6%	4.6%	
2009	24567	73,513	26,491	919	14,592	6.3%	6.5%	9.4%	
2010	24567	73,513	26,491	919	14,592	7.7%	7.7%	10.4%	
2011	24129	86,962	35,045	872	14,538	6.0%	5.2%	9.2%	
2012	24129	102,500	36,096	836	14,538	4.8%	4.9%	7.9%	
2013	24211	107,060	38,492	730	14,135	4.9%	5.5%	7.5%	

Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Town Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2004</u>	2005	2006	2007	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Government										
Executive	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Assessing	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3
Building	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Cable	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
Family Mediation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Finance	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Information Technologies	-		-		-	-				
Planning	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Zoning	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	- '	-
Town Clerk/Tax Collector	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4
Total General Government	30	32	31	31	30	30	29	29	25	23
Human Services										
Welfare	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Human Services	2	<u>1</u> 1	<u>1</u> 1	<u>1</u> 1	-	-	-		-	-
Public Safety										
Fire										
Administration	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Captains	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Lieutenants	7	9	9	9	9	12	11	11	12	12
Firefighters	28	27	27	27	27	24	25	25	24	24
Communication	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Prevention	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Total Fire	47	49	48	48	48	48	48	47	47	47
Total File	47	49	40	40	40	40	40	47	47	47
Police										
Administration	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Captains	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Lieutenants	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Sergeants	6	8	8	11	11	11	11	12	12	12
Officers	21	22	23	39	39	39	39	38	38	37
Support Services	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Detectives	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Communications	4	7	4	7	4	4	4	4	4	7
	3		3	3	3	3		4	4	
Records		3					3	-	4	4
Animal Control Officer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		- ,
Building Maintenance Total Police	<u> </u>	<u>1</u> 62	<u>1</u> 63	<u>1</u> 81	<u>1</u> 80	<u>1</u> 80	1 80	<u>1</u> 81	<u>1</u> 80	1
Total Police	0	02	03	01	00	00	00	01	00	80
Total Public Safety	107	111	111	129	128	128	128	128	127	127
Public Works										
Administration	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Highway	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Equipment Operators	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Truck Drivers/Laborers	7	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5
Mechanic	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1
Environmental Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Public Works	17	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	15
Cultural and Recreation										
Library	18	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	14	14
Recreation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Culture and Recreation	19	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	15	15
Total All Functions	175	178	177	195	190	190	189	189	182	180
Percent of Total										
FEIGENLOF TOTAL		18.0%	17 50/	15 00/	15 00/	15 00/	15 00/	15 00/	10 70/	10.00/
		18.0%	17.5%	15.9%	15.8%	15.8%	15.3%	15.3%	13.7%	12.8%
General Government	17.1%		0.001	0 = 0 /	0.001					
General Government Human Services	1.1%	0.6%	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
General Government Human Services Public Safety	1.1% 61.1%	0.6% 62.4%	62.7%	66.2%	67.4%	67.4%	67.7%	67.7%	69.8%	70.6%
General Government Human Services Public Safety Public Works	1.1% 61.1% 9.7%	0.6% 62.4% 9.0%	62.7% 9.0%	66.2% 8.2%	67.4% 7.9%	67.4% 7.9%	67.7% 7.9%	67.7% 7.9%	69.8% 8.2%	70.6% 8.3%
General Government Human Services Public Safety	1.1% 61.1%	0.6% 62.4%	62.7%	66.2%	67.4%	67.4%	67.7%	67.7%	69.8%	70.6%

Function

Source: Annual Town Reports

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function

	<u>2004</u>	2005	2006	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Police										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of patrol units	24	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
· · • · · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
Fire										
Number of stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of pumpers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of ladder trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of ambulances	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Number of command vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of rescue trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of staff vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Public Works										
Miles of streets	176	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180
Number of street lights	134	134	143	143	142	142	142	142	142	142
Number of traffic lights	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of sanitary sewers	32	34	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Number of service connections	856	1,119	1,280	1,441	1,510	1,554	1,554	1,594	1,605	1,615
Daily average treatment in gallons	900,000	1,486,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,400,000
Number of pump stations	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Maximum daily capacity in gallons	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	4,000,000
Culture and Recreation										
Number of libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of community centers	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Ball fields	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	- 8		- 8
Basketball courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Skateboard	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Soccer fields	3	3	7*	7*	7*	7*	7*	7*	7*	7*
	5	0	1	,	1	,	1	,	,	1
Schools (not included in this reporting entity)										
High Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Middle Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Elementary Schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Kindergartens	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	-					-	-		-	

*Includes multipurpose fields

<u>Source:</u> Annual Town Reports Various Town Departments

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Government										
Taxable property parcels assessed	9,382	9,506	9,610	9,609	9,606	9,609	9,658	9,658	10,002	10,087
Motor vehicles registered	36,276	38,861	36,287	35,645	37,978	37,600	35,281	34,942	37,707	35,547
Building permits issued	768	592	605	594	492	465	381	319	401	427
Human service contacts	458	419	318	398	271	589	268	512	667	692
Human service applications granted	173	161	168	163	103	54	80	42	65	54
Registered voters	15,092	14,863	14,867	15,007	15,772	16,000	16,989	17,286	14,736	15,944
Fire										
Fires extinguished	119	92	95	75	64	98	79	78	59	52
Non fire responses	766	1,160	1,062	1,261	1,164	1,586	1,165	1,178	1,492	1,357
Rescue EMS responses	1,444	1,500	1,598	1,585	1,724	1,810	1,855	1,875	1,739	1,630
Inspections and plan/permit review	876	1,097	1,142	1,258	1,435	1,742	1,580	1,671	1,010	1,045
Police										
Total incidents dispatched	20.779	19,654	19,919	25,222	28,613	24.838	24,252	25.527	25,654	27,215
Total traffic accidents and violations	8,349	6,863	8,168	10,157	12,818	10,583	9,921	10,911	10,846	10,634
Total physical arrests	975	618	593	801	820	696	698	756	741	706
Total crimes investigated	2,107	1,861	1,919	2,332	2,678	2,321	2,183	2,282	2,431	2,543
Total animal control contacts	1,742	1,922	1,350	1,495	471	544	113	377	349	364
-										
Public Works	20,000	47,000	46 4 2 2	26 720	42,520	53,096	22.004	24 600	42,289	17,092
Streets resurfaced (LF) Refuse collected (tons)	39,000 10,535	47,000	46,132 10,404	36,720 9,951	42,520 9,631	53,096 9,290	33,981 8,862	24,600 8,873	42,269 8,945	8,659
Recycling (tons)	1,717	1.676	1,950	1,935	1.736	9,290 1.795	2,264	2,302	2,348	2,256
	1,717	1,070	1,000	1,000	1,700	1,755	2,204	2,002	2,040	2,200
Library										
Total circulation	215,659	237,559	249,408	255,563	282,360	321,585	336,750	341,274	345,015	376,277
Total volumes in collection	81,203	85,277	82,921	88,251	90,118	85,269	86,913	87,341	89,541	89,762
Total registered borrowers	18,139	17,988	18,180	17,323	14,313	15,076	16,239	16,353	16,380	16,518
Total program attendance	4,587	4,934	5,188	6,611	6,820	11,400	12,963	13,557	12,061	16,088

<u>Source:</u> Annual Town Reports Various Town Departments (This page intentionally left blank.)